HOMOEOPATHY

For all your Homoeopathic and Biochemic requirements—whether they be Dilutions, Mother Tinctures, Globules, Powder—any Potency—American make—

Visit or Write to:

BANAJI'S HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY

Next to Wadia's Fire Temple, Princess Street, Bombay.

(Expert Consultation available at the Pharmacy the Whole day).

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta **Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi**

VOL. XXX NO. 84 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1942 PRICE: ONE ANNA

New 'Defence' Deal Under Discussion

AMERICAN ENVOY PLAYS ROLE OF MEDIATOR

Prospects Of Settlement Look Bright

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 8.

The situation has again dramatically changed. Last night it looked like a breakdown—This morning the situation has brightened up so much that some members of the Congress Working Committee feel that an agreement on the defence question is in sight.

It appears that following news of the Congress rejection last night of the War Cabinet's revised proposals, Col. Johnson, the American envoy, got into touch both with General Wavell and Pandit Nehru and as a result of talks, new proposals were placed this morning before the Congress Working Committee, which offer a satisfactory formula on the Defence question. Next one or two days will show the result of the talks which have so hopefully begun this morning.

The Congress attaches greater importance to the interim Government scheme than to the post-war settlement. Its demands for the interim period are three (1) National Government in the real sense at the Centre; (2) Same position and powers for the new National Government immediately as a Dominion Government; (3) Same authority and position for the National Government in relation to Defence as a Dominion Government.

Sir Stafford Cripps has practically agreed to the first two. Regarding the third point, the difficulty was nervousness on the part of the War Cabinet that the Commander-in-Chief's position in the conduct of the war may be prejudiced by acceding to the Congress demand for control of Defence.

It is said that new proposals offer a basis for a satisfactory formula to remove this nervousness and assure the War Cabinet that if the National Government is given responsibility for Defence, it will in no way prejudice the Commander-in-Chief's discretion and powers in the conduct of war as a military head.

It is said, Congress will not give up objections to the Cripps' proposals for postwar period but as the present is all important, it may be agreed to leave over for the present these differences over postwar matters as there is sufficient time for considering these questions later and coming to an agreed settlement by Parties themselves.

New Defence Formula

NEW DELHI, April 8.

It is understood that the new formula regarding defence, which is under discussion boen by the Congress and the Moslem League Working Committee envisages a position in India approximating to that in Australia, for instance, which has a Supreme Commander and a War Minister working each within his own distinct sphere.

It is thought that a final settlement will take some days, at least a week, according to one estimate. Sir Stafford Cripps has now indefinitely postponed his press conference. It was fixed for 12 noon to-morrow. There have already been two earlier postponements of the conference, at which it appears to be his intention to make his final announcement.

The hectic pace of meetings and visits of the last fortnight during which the negotiations have lasted was maintained today. Pandit Nehru had two conferences with Col. Johnson, besides partaking in seven hours' deliberations in the Working Committee. Col Johnson had a meeting with Sir Stafford Cripps after his meeting with Pandit Nehru. Mr. Jinnah had a brief talk with Sir Stafford late this evening.—A. P.

WILL ROOSEVELT INTERVENE?

WASHINGTON, April 8.

President Roosevelt declined at a press conference on Tuesday to comment on the reports from New Delhi that he might be asked to mediate between the Indian leaders and the British Government.

President Roosevelt also denied having received a message from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

The President showed no inclination to discuss the Indian situation.—Reuter.

Jawaharlal's New Formula

NEW DELHI, April 8.

The "United Press" learns that the Congress Working Committee's decision has not yet been communicated to Sir Stafford Cripps, although Maulana Azad, Congress President, stated at the end of the meeting last night that he would do it next morning.

It appears that meanwhile new developments took place and the Working Committee was to-day engaged in considering a new proposition said to be sponsored by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. This proposition had been, it is said, discussed between Pandit Nehru and Colonel Louis Johnson, President Roosevelt's special envoy, this morning, and Colonel Johnson, who is acting as an important mediator, presumably conveyed it to Sir Stafford Cripps this afternoon.

Another new development is that Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, has communicated the Muslim League resolution to Sir Stafford Cripps this evening.

The Congress and League executives will again meet to-morrow morning.

HARRY HOPKINS IN LONDON

LONDON, April 8.

The United States Army will be expanding at the rate of four divisions per month by this Summer. General Marshall Chief of Staff, United States Army, told London pressmen to-night. General Marshall and Mr. Harry Hopkins, President Roosevelt's envoy and Lease Lend Administrator arrived in London by air unexpectedly to-day and spent two hours with Mr. Churchill discussing confidential matters.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

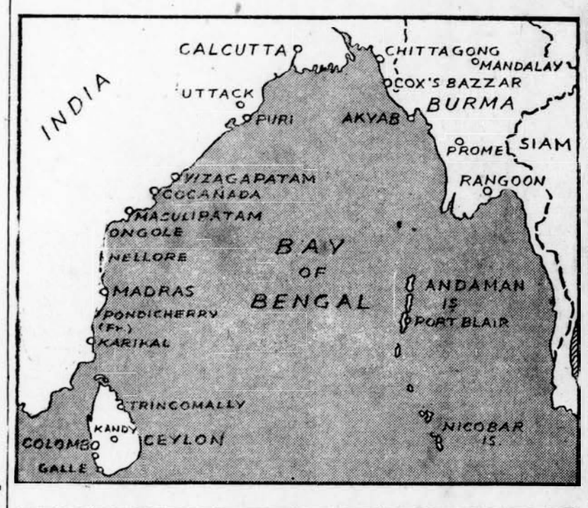
Casualties In Colombo Raid

COLOMBO, April 8.

The Associated Press special correspondent writes:

Casualties in Sunday's air-raid number about 50 including 20 within the town area. Governor Sir Andrew Caldecott announced. Sir Andrew Caldecott speaking in the Tamil language to shopkeepers during a tour of the city indicated that some good news could be expected shortly.—A. P.

INDIA IN PACIFIC COUNCIL



HEAVY EXODUS FROM MADRAS

Rush Of Passengers At Egmore And Central Stations

MADRAS, April 8.

There has been heavy exodus of people from the City of Madras yesterday and to-day.

All the out-going trains are strengthened with extra-carriages and the Malabar Express was run yesterday with two engines. It is estimated that tickets to the value of about half a lakh of rupees were sold at the Central Station yesterday, the largest amount collected so far in one day.

The rush of passengers at Egmore bound to the Tamil districts is still greater. Besides the usual trains, the South Indian Railway authorities have so far run seven special, four yesterday and three to-day.

Owing to the heavy traffic, the trains are leaving slightly later than the scheduled timings.—A. P.

No Alert At Cuddalore

MADRAS, April 8.

It is officially stated that there was no alert at Cuddalore or Negapatam yesterday. There is also no truth in the rumour that there were enemy planes over the southern districts of the Presidency.—United Press.

No Damage To Scindia's Ship-building Yard

BOMBAY, April 8.

The Scindia Steam Navigation Company informs the "United Press" that no damage was caused to the ship-building yard of the Company at Vizagapatam in the recent enemy air raids there.—United Press.

Japanese Air Raid Casualties Very Slight

NEW DELHI, April 8.

Detailed figures of casualties in the air raids on Vizagapatam and Cocanada on April 6 show that five persons were killed and forty wounded in Vizagapatam and one killed and five wounded in Cocanada, says a press 'communique.'

It is not intended, as a normal practice, to give detailed figures of casualties sustained in air raids.

Experience in the United Kingdom has shown that information of value to the enemy may be conveyed by this means. The United Kingdom has, therefore, abandoned the practice of giving detailed figures.

Detailed figures are given in the present instance because these raids represent the first Japanese air attack on India and because rumour has placed these very slight casualties at a much higher figure.—A. P.

CALCUTTA MAIL ARRIVES SIX HOURS LATE

MADRAS: The Calcutta Mail due here this morning arrived at 2 p. m. after a delay of six hours.

The Grand Trunk Express due here last evening arrived at 1 a. m. to-day, six hours late.—A. P.

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS POSTPONED

WALTAIR, April 7:—All examinations of the Andhra University commencing from Tuesday, the 7th instant have been postponed until further notice, according to a notification issued by the Registrar of the Andhra University to-day.—A. P.

Philippines' Darkest Hour

Japanese Go All Out To Finish Them Before Rains

WASHINGTON, April 8.

The Japanese offensive in Bataan is believed to be an all-out effort aimed at eliminating American and Filipino resistance before the start of the rainy season in about a fortnight's time, according to military circles here.

The invaders are known to have built tremendous forces for this campaign. Their strength has been estimated as at least one full army. This would comprise from two to six infantry divisions which together with artillery and other troops would number from 1,10,000 to 1,35,000 men forces far superior to the defending troops. Officers familiar with the Japanese tactics say that a normal attack would consist of frontal direct pressure, while a column manoeuvred to strike at the flank. This is a phase of the fighting which has apparently been developing during the last four days.

It is everywhere conceded that the defenders after fighting for four months are facing the darkest hour. They are but a handful compared with the Japanese and cannot long sustain such heavy casualties as were twice admitted yesterday, while the Japanese can stand such losses almost indefinitely, if by so doing they achieve their object.—Reuter.

U. S. Withdrawal To Defensive Position

WASHINGTON, April 8.

American and Filipino defenders on Bataan Peninsula withdrew during the night to a previously prepared defensive position states this morning's (Wednesday) War Department communique.

Special War Courts In Ceylon

COLOMBO, April 7. (Delayed.)

The Governor may, in certain circumstances, by orders establish special courts known as War Zone Courts for securing expeditious trial and punishment of offenders in any place in the island wherein enemy action is apprehended or has taken place. Regulations to this effect have been gazetted.—A. P.

Rush Of Passengers To India

COLOMBO, April 7. (Delayed.)

Issue of tickets for South India by the Ceylon Government Railway is being temporarily restricted in order to relieve the congestion that occurred during the past two days at Talaimannar as the existing ferry service to Dhanushkodi has been unable to cope with the rush of passengers.—A. P.

The Bombay Government has authorised the Collectors to grant a local holiday in a town on a Municipal election day.

'SERVICING OF FRONTS'

U. S. Planes For China & Soviet

(From Our Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, April 8.

It is learnt on diplomatic authority that India figured in the deliberations of the Pacific Council on Tuesday, when she was consulted regarding better means of allocating munitions among major war theatres.

It is understood that the Pacific Council's problem is how to service the various war theatres as a whole from the pool of munitions which the United Nations produce, rather than supply all fronts in a segmented manner, as, for example, any particular front through the individual Governments concerned.

Thus the supply of the whole area embracing: India, Burma and supposedly parts of China would be considered as one unit. The Pacific Front would consist of Australia, New Zealand, Philippines and many United States Islands in the Pacific. The other theatres are the Middle East, Britain and Russia.

It is reported that Lord Halifax and Mr. Soong are greatly interested in the Indian Front, where Britain and China have special interests. President Roosevelt's interest is attested by the despatch of Col. Johnson to India.

It is understood that there is contention among members of the Pacific Council regarding the relative merits of respective fronts, which is decided by military strategists. The Council's problem is the method of supply thereby apportioning the fulfilment of munitions in any particular area, which the strategists choose. The fact that the Axis is stalled or relatively quiet on three of the five major fronts leaves only India and Russia, now specially active.

Planes To Russia And China

WASHINGTON, April 8.

The war department revealed to-day that the Army Air Force Ferrying Command is flying air planes to Russia and China. In making this known it said "The Growth of the Command involved the establishment of a world-wide network of communications and meteorological statistics for providing weather information and bases linking factories in the United States with the battle fields in Africa, Russia, China, India and South Pacific".—Reuter.

To Conquer Burma Before Monsoon

BOMBAY, April 8.

A person who arrived here by air mail from Mandalay said that Jay bombers bombed Mandalay on Friday. The Japs are apparently using high explosives and incendiaries indiscriminately.

This was the first major Jap raid over any city since December last when Rangoon was set on fire apparently as a result of Jap attacks. The Jap objective is reported to be to destroy the rail and highway communication and war stores, preparatory to launching major drives northwards from Prome to Toungoo.

Military officials who arrived here said that the Jap are using low-level bomber tactics. The Japs would probably launch major air offensives over chief Burmese cities, if supplies were available.

It is reported that bomb fragments found in various cities were of British origin, indicating Japs are using supplies captured in Rangoon and Singapore.

Experts are of opinion that the Japs so far did not resort to widespread bombing over Burma, due, firstly, to the most effective Allied air defence and, secondly, they lacked munitions and supplies and also air reinforcements, preparatory to an all-out attack of the Allied rear bases and dive-bombing front lines in their effort to conquer Burma this month before the rains set in.

Germans Retreat In Disorder

RUSSIAN TROOPS SMASH THEIR WAY INTO IMPORTANT PLACE ON KHARKOV FRONT: NAZIS SUSTAIN HUGE LOSSES

MOSCOW, April 8.

The Russians yesterday captured what is described as an "important place on the South-Western (Kharkov) front."

The Moscow Radio announcing this to-day said that the Germans made every effort to hold the place.

"They launched a fierce counter-attack in which a large number of tanks were thrown into action to clear the way for their infantry.

Nazi Retreat

Soviet troops met the German onslaught by a stiff counter blow and wrested the initiative from the Germans and sent their own tanks forward.

The Germans retreated in disorder. No time was given to them to bring their anti-tank guns into action. Soviet troops smashed their way into a village on the heels of the retreating Germans. From every house they were met by a hurricane of machine-gun fire but nothing could stop the Soviet advance and the Germans were thrown out of the village. Rich booty was captured including seven tanks. Four tanks were destroyed and many Germans killed."

Huge German Losses

The Germans lost 1,125 men killed and wounded in one day's fighting on one sector of the North-Western front, says the Supplement to the Soviet midday 'communique.' The Deputy Political Commissar M. Kusnetzov himself killed 43 Germans.

On the Kalinin front, the Russians in one day's fighting destroyed two German tanks and six fieldguns. German casualties numbered 300. On the south-western front, an inhabited locality which was heavily fortified has been recaptured from the Germans who left 250 dead as well as seven damaged tanks and four fieldguns. Guerilla detachments in the Crimea made a combined raid on a very large village. They destroyed all defences and after four hours fighting forced the Germans to leave the village.

GERMAN TROOP TRAIN CRASH

MOSCOW:—A German troop train on the way to the Russian front crashed on the Arras-Douai line on March 31.

Seven cars were completely wrecked and about 150 soldiers killed according to a supplement to the Soviet midday 'communique.'

The crash is attributed to the activities of French patriots.

After the crash the authorities discovered that 35 German soldiers were missing. It is supposed that they had deserted.

Nazis Threaten Reprisals

MOSCOW:—The German Commandant of Kramatorsk, a town in the Donetz basin, has announced that a hundred local residents will be shot for every German officer killed by Guerillas and 35 for every policeman killed, states a front line dispatch. The population is starving but many people, though utterly exhausted, are forced by the Germans to clear roads and build.

Conscription Of German Women For Labour

LONDON, April 8. On the German frontier:—As man after man is "combed" from civil life to swell the armed mass that will have to fight Hitler's Spring and Summer battles a new labour crisis faces Germany. Occupied and satellite countries have already been drained and squeezed of manpower but according to the Nazi periodical "Vierpahresplan", the Zenith of German armament production has yet to be reached. The Nazis are reported to be turning to German women for a partial solution of their labour problem.

A new and sweeping decree conscripting all women for labour with only nursing mothers and mothers of large families excepted is forecast. The Germans already claim that the number of women who have started working since the war began totals one million. Signs of the present labour shortage with the Nazi policy of "Germans to the front—others must serve them" are not lacking in Berlin.—Reuter.

In Nazi Factories

INTERNEES FOR FORCED LABOUR?

LONDON, April 8.

Even occupants of internment camps are being "persuaded" to "volunteer" for forced labour in German factories, so bad has the Nazi's manpower situation become.

An official of the Ministry of Economic Warfare in a statement to-day said that the semi-military Todt Commission paying weekly visits to internment camps in occupied France is recruiting particularly from adolescent males for work in danger zones such as badly bombed areas in Northern France and the Ruhr.

The standard of brutality in each particular internment camp decides the degree and method of persuasion and those enrolled are required to sign a document that they are accepting work of their own accord and at their own risk.

Forced labour so far largely consists of Poles, Czechs, Spaniards and some Frenchmen. Renewed pressure is being exerted on Holland where the Nazis threaten to stop unemployment pay unless workers volunteer to go to Germany.—Reuter.

BR. SCIENTISTS TO INDIA'S RESCUE

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, April 8.

A symposium of British scientists held yesterday in London passed a resolution unanimously deploring any attempt based on political boundaries on alleged racial differences and particularly on the suggestion that people should be divided politically over racial grounds.

Mr. N. S. Bamji said, if you separate India you will have civil war all over India.

It would have been much wiser if there had been representatives from the United States, Russia and China associated with Cripps' mission.

NATIONAL DEFENCE COUNCIL MEETS

NEW DELHI, April 8.

The Fourth session of the National Defence Council opened this morning at Viceroy's House, New Delhi.

H. E. the Viceroy presided both in the morning and in the afternoon.

Mr. M. S. Aney the Member-in-Charge of the Indians Overseas Department made a statement to the Council on the condition of Indians in Japanese occupied territories in the Far East and on the arrangements made for the evacuation of Indians from Malaya and Burma. In the course of the discussion which followed, the true position as regards allegations of racial discrimination appearing in the press was fully explained.

CIVIL DEFENCE MEASURES.

Mr. Ibbotson, the Director-General of Civil Defence then presented a review of the progress in the organisation of Civil Defence measures since the last session of the Council. In the discussion which followed, the adequacy of stocks of firefighting and other A. R. P. equipment now available and the progress of imports and local manufacture were dealt with.

Reference was also made to the organisation of the National War Front in relation to the need for enlistig public support for A. R. P. and other civil defence measures. A fuller consideration of this subject will be taken up to-morrow afternoon when the Home Member and the Secretary to the Department of Information and Broadcasting are expected to be present.

WAR LEGISLATION.

War legislation was the next subject. Sir Sultan Ahmed made a statement reviewing the scope and objects of such legislation. Finally Mr. S. N. Roy presented a statement on the control of Transport priorities and in the discussion which followed, the position as regards movements of coal figured prominently.

The Council will meet again at 10 a.m. to-morrow morning.—A. P.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

3. LOST AND FOUND

Found a brown dog from Dadar Chaupati. Owner may claim it from Harkisandas Jhaveri, 49, Shivaji Park, Dadar. (16024)

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted suitable match for young healthy, fair-complexioned, educated Hindu Dakshani lady, age 23. Correspondence, strictly confidential, requested from high class Dakshani or Gujarati Hindus. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 16031, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Mechanical Draughtsman wanted by European firm in Worli. Apply Box No. 7987, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: An Assistant Manager and Engineer with Railway experience for a light railway. Retired officers preferred. Apply with testimonials stating lowest salary to Box No. 16040 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted 10 Hindu Girls and 20 Stenographers, Typists, Clerks as apprentices. Posts arranged after practical office training. See Watson and Taylor, 319, Hornby Road. (16042)

Wanted immediately for a Railway 2-ft. gauge a Loco Foreman experienced in maintenance and erecting shop work—pay Rs. 100- to Rs. 125|- p.m. and (2) An Assistant Engineer to look after and maintain the track and buildings pay Rs. 100|- p.m. No Stamps to be enclosed: no correspondence entertained. Apply Box No. 7985 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an Experienced first class Stenographer, lady or gentleman salary at Rs. 90. Apply Film Advisory Board, Metro House, Bombay. (7970)

Wanted:—250 Candidates for Railway services as Guards, Station Masters, Signallers, Ticket-Collectors etc. Free quarter, Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 80|-. Apply with -1/6 to Director, All-India Railway Commercial & Telegraph School, Daryagunj, Delhi. (16028)

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

Available for immediate Sublet Business premises ground floor comprising floor area 4666 sq. ft. and Mezzanine area 1347 sq. ft. in Lakshmi Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay. An up to date fire proof strong room is provided in the premises. Apply: The Rawalpindi Electric Power Co. Ltd. C|o The Lakshmi Insurance Co., Ltd., at the address stated above. (7683)

322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Lathes for wood and metal utensils 6 ft. Bed, Stone Crusher, Oil engines, Pile driving Derrick, Steel Trench Pile sheets, L. Ry. Track, Tipping Wagons, Shaftings, also Blackstone Powder for sale or suggestions to use invited —Saraswathi Press, Rajahmundry. (16025)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Immediate Loans given within two days on mere Promissory Note! New Management! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, Balaram House, Charni Road, Tram Junction. (15989)

Loans on personal securities, mortgages, etc., given immediately. Reasonable interest. Several thousands already advanced genuine proposals only invited. Alex Williams & Sons, Bombay Mutual Annexe, Fort, Bombay. (7745)

348. ESTATES & PROPERTIES

Strongly built upper-storied house, with loft, built area 25 x 65. Twelve rooms. Small compound. Well, Sanitation In Thana-Kalva. Fully occupied. No taxes, Small investment. Apply Box 16041 "Bombay Chronicle."

For sale ultra Modern Bungalow recently built with up-to-date accommodation just near Nasik station. Apply Box No. 16035, "Bombay Chronicle."

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS.

For Cream Separator parts please write Mahatma Sewing Machines Limited, Kashmere Gate, Post Box No. 156, Delhi. (16034)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTIFICATION BY THE COMMISSIONER OF POLICE, BOMBAY.

No. 3968/151-Imp.

WITH reference to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay's Notification No. 435/151-Imp., dated the 8th January 1942, and in exercise of the powers conferred by clauses (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of section 22 of the City of Bombay Police Act, 1902 (Bom. IV of 1902), the Commissioner of Police has made the following additional rules:—

Under Section 22 (1) (b)—

74. Drivers and riders of all vehicles, when passing a tram car which has stopped for the purpose of taking up or setting down passengers shall do so at a slow speed and with caution.

75. Landsdowne Road from its junction with Colaba Causeway to its junction with Mereweather Road shall be closed to westbound vehicular traffic, i.e., no entry from Landsdowne-Mereweather Road junction.

76. *Regulation of traffic in Murzban Road.*—The portion of Murzban Road from its junction with Bastion Road to its junction with Napier Road shall be closed to southbound vehicular traffic, i.e., no entry from Napier Road.

Under Section 22 (1) (c)— ...

43. No person shall allow any vehicle of which he is in charge to stand or halt anywhere on Tardeo Road from its junction with Forjett Street to its junction with Gowalia Tank Road, except for the purpose of picking up or setting down passengers.

44. Parking of vehicles on the west side of Marine Drive in front of the island on Dinshaw Vacha Road is prohibited.

H. E. BUTLER,
Commissioner of Police.

Head Police Office,
Bombay, 18th March 1942.

7981.

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF SUPPLY

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE (SUPPLY)

TENDER NOTICE

THE CHIEF CONTROLLER of Purchase (Supply), New Delhi, invites tenders for 25,000 Snap Hooks & Steel D. Rings (complete with locking pins) required at the Ordnance Clothing Factory, Lahore.

Tender No. P|SY|4065|2S

Price of tender forms etc., is Rs. 6|-|- per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only, to the Chief Controller of Purchase (Supply), New Delhi quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon.

Tenders will be received up to 4-5-42.

Samples against this tender are required to be submitted to the Director of Ordnance Laboratories P.B. No. 127, Cawnpore by 4-5-42 at the latest.

Applicants not already on the list of approved Contractors maintained by the Chief Administrative Officer (Purchase), New Delhi must state in their application for tender forms the names of their bankers.

N. B.—Tender forms are also available for sale in the Offices of Controllers of Supplies at Madras, Lahore, Cawnpore, Bombay and Karachi and the Chief Controller of Purchase (Munitions), Calcutta and may be obtained by the tenderers from these offices on payment of the prescribed tender fee direct to the officers concerned.

(7965)

SENTINEL ASSURANCE CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

NOTICE TO POLICYHOLDERS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTH GENERAL MEETING of the Company's Policyholders will be held at the Company's Registered Office, 317-321, Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on Saturday the 25th July 1942 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of electing a Director in place of Mr. Bhagubhai Chandulal Patel who retires by rotation and electing a Director in place of Mr. H. T. Rajda who has resigned.

Conditions of admission to the Meeting, Particulars of qualifications of Directors and the manner of Voting will be supplied to the policy-holders directly by post.

By order of the Board
of Directors,
KALYANBHAI SARABHAI
JAVERI,
General Manager.

Bombay, 6th April, 1942.

(7964)

Public Notices

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY

Air Conditioned Coaches

THE AIR-CONDITIONED COACH which runs between Bombay and Delhi daily on the Frontier Mail, will be extended to run between Bombay and Kalka thrice a week as shown below:—

From BOMBAY CENTRAL to KALKA. — On Mondays, Wednesdays & Fridays, commencing from 15-4-42.

From KALKA to BOMBAY CENTRAL. — On Wednesdays, Fridays & Sundays, commencing from 17-4-42.

On other days the coach will run between Bombay and Delhi.

7917

THE SURAT ELECTRICITY COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 17th April 1942, to THURSDAY, the 7th May, 1942, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents

Home Street, Fort,
Bombay, 8th April, 1942.

(7982)

P. W. D.

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED and will be received on FRIDAY, the 17th April, 1942, upto 4 O'clock P.M. (S.T.) for the supply of stores as noted below for works and repairs in the Presidency Division, for the period from 1-4-1942 to 30-9-1942.

(1) Miscellaneous, drainage, water-fitting, paint & hardware.
(2) Timber.
(3) Lime, Soorti, unslaked, dry in tins.
(4) Lime, unslaked to be slaked at site of work.
(5) Road metal, Murram, Red hill earth, Manure, Sand, etc.
(6) Mats, Bamboo, Malabar.

The right to reject any or all of the tenders without assigning reasons is reserved.

Tender forms with Schedule of quantities for Materials may be obtained on payment of Rs. 5|- for item 1, and Rs. 2|- for the remaining items, on any working day upto 4 P.M. (1 P.M. on Saturdays) except that on which tenders are to be received.

Each tenderer is required to lodge a deposit of Rs. 600|- for item 1, Rs. 300|- for item 2, Rs. 200|- for item 3, 5 & 6 and Rs. 50|- for item 4 as earnest money which should be paid into the Reserve Bank of India or a District Treasury and the Bank Receipt or a Treasury Chalan should accompany separately each tender.

The successful tenderer will be required to lodge a total sum of Rs. 2,500|- for item 1, Rs. 700|- for item 2, Rs. 450|- for items 3 and 5, Rs. 80|- for item 4, and Rs. 500|- for item 6 as security deposit.

(Sd.) N. V. S. MURTI,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 7th April, 1942.

(7989)

NOTICE.

THE WESTERN INDIA MATCH COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the NINETEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Indian Mercantile Chambers, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay at 12-15 p.m. (S.T.) on THURSDAY, the 30th day of April 1942, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1941.
2. To declare a dividend and a bonus.
3. To elect three Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election and offer themselves accordingly.
4. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business which may be placed before the meeting by the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 24th day of April, 1942 to the 9th day of May, 1942, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
STEN SUNDGREN,
Joint Managing Director.

2nd April 1942.

Indian Mercantile Chambers,
Nicol Road, Ballard Estate,
Bombay.

The dividend and bonus when declared will be payable at the Central Bank of India Ltd., Bombay on and after the 6th day of May, 1942 to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 24th day of April, 1942 and warrants will be posted in due course to each shareholder at his registered address.

(7977)

NOTICE

AN OFFICE of the MALAYAN REPRESENTATIVE in India has been OPENED at Menkwa Building, Outram Road, 3rd Floor. Any persons with claims against the Malayan Governments should submit them to the Representative in writing, giving full details.

7988.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of ADDITIONAL INSPECTOR of Certified Schools in the Juvenile Branch in the grade of Rs. 135-5-180. The post is permanent and pensionable but the appointment will be officiating in the first instance.

Applicants should be graduates and must be between 25 to 35 years of age. Graduates with diploma or with practical experience in Social Service will be preferred. Women are also eligible for the post.

Applications in a form which can be obtained on request from the undersigned should be sent so as to reach him on or before the 30th April, 1942.

(Sd.) V. L. GIDWANI,
Chief Inspector of Certified Schools,
Bombay Province, Poona.
3, Church Road, Poona.

7984.

NOTICE.

THE BURMAH OIL COMPANY (REFINERIES) Ltd. and Burmah Oil Company (BURMA TRADING) Ltd. hereby give notice to all their locally covenanted employees, who have not already received instructions from them regarding their future employment that they must report their present address in writing to the Burmah Oil Company (INDIA TRADING) Ltd. at 9, Esplanade East, Calcutta, within 10 days of this date, failing which they must accept this notice of termination of their agreement with the Company in accordance with the terms of such agreement.

(Sd.) BURMAH OIL CO. (REFINERIES) LTD.
BURMAH OIL CO. (BURMA TRADING) LTD.

9th April, 1942.

(7956)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the COURT RECEIVER, High Court, Bombay, a Receiver appointed in High Court Suit No. 1040 of 1937 in pursuance of the Consent Decree, dated the 18th December, 1941, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property, known as "BHAGAT MANSION", to our client.

THAT any person or persons having any claim, right, title share and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, exchange, mortgage charge, trust, maintenance, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of freehold land (formerly of pension and tax tenure) with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon known as "Bhagat Mansion", situate on the west side of Abdul Rehman Street in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 293 Square Yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 523, New No. 2546, Old Survey No. 3171, New Survey No. 1936 and Cadastral Survey No. 1273 of the Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Municipality under C Ward Nos. 51 and 52, Street Nos. 304 to 310, (1, 2, 3, 4 & 5) and bounded on or towards the North by the property belonging to the estate of Alibhoy Dawoodkhan on or towards the East by the said Abdul Rahman Street, on or towards the South by the property of Jaferji Abdulali and on or towards the West by the property of Bhikhabhai Vallabhdas.

Bombay, dated this 8th day of April, 1942.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(7979)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DHARAMDAS BHOGILAL and PURSHOTTAMDAS BHOGILAL have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or claims or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, residence, use, maintenance, charge, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 31, Nanabhoy Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground known as Laxmi Niketan, situate, lying and being at Kalbadevi Road outside the Fort of Bombay in the Island and City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 160 Square Yards or thereabouts together with the dwelling house and all buildings and structures standing thereon and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Surajmal Shivnarayan Nemani, on or towards the South by the property of Harbilas Gangadutt, on or towards the West by the property of Gangabai, widow of Vrajdas Rowji and on or towards the East by Kalbadevi Road and which piece of land is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's New Nos. 2446 and 2448 and New Survey No. 495 and Cadastral Survey No. 1696 of Ehuleshwar Division and the dwelling house buildings and structures are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under 'C' Ward No. 5804 Street Nos. 214 to 218.

Dated this 7th day of April, 1942.

MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(7983)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HIMATMALJI SURAJMALJI has contracted to sell the undermentioned property standing in the name of Ebrahim Gani Moosa to our client free from incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, lease, gift, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Alli Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY REFERRED TO ABOVE

All that piece or parcel of Pension Tax Land or ground being Plot No. 2 now redeemed under redemption receipt No. 3 of 15th May, 1919, together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon situate, lying and being at Hansali Tank Road, Dadar Lower Mahim, without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one thousand one hundred and eight square yards or thereabouts but according to the survey Register admeasuring one thousand one hundred and eighteen square yards and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 42, 42, New Nos. A3|3545, 3547, Old Survey No. 273 and New Survey No. A3|1431 and New Rent Roll No. 678 bearing Cadastral Survey No. 381 of Mahim Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward No. 4190 (1) and Street No. 551 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Plot Nos. 6 and 7 and beyond it by the property of Mr. Vallas and on or towards the North by the access and beyond it by Plot Nos. 1 and 5.

Messrs. JOSHI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(7985)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

Under instructions from the Custodian of Enemy Property Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 13th April 1942, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) at the office of Bayer Remedies Ltd., Commerce House, Currimbhoy Rd., Ballard Estate, the undermentioned properties all vested in the Custodian of Enemy Property:—

Surplus stock of Bayer Remedies Ltd., and Schering (India) Ltd, counters, writing desks, chairs, cupboards, racks, Godrej steel racks and Almirahs, ceiling fans and pendant lights, etc. Property of A. Keifer, lot Imitation Jewellery, etc.

Property of Lohmann & Co., lot medicines etc. Property of E. Francescato leather hand bags, purses, belts, toilet cases, silk handkerchiefs, artificial flowers, etc.

On view from the 11th inst.

BENNETT & CO.

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HABIB HAJI ABDULLA, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

That any person or persons having any claim, right, title and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, exchange Mortgage, charge, trust, maintenance, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground (formerly of the Pension and Tax Tenure but now freehold) with the shed and premises standing thereon situate on the North side of the Esplanade Cross Road, otherwise called Carnac Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by recent admeasurement one hundred and ninety-two square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 51 New No. 422, Old Survey No. 787, New Survey No. 2354, and bearing C. S. No. 187 of Mandvi Division and in the Books of the Municipality under B Ward No. 2083 and Street No. 250 and New No. 401 and bounded on the East by the property of Toolsidas Pitamber, on the West by a Sweepers passage and the properties of Tajbhai Gothabhai Khimji Jiwa, Chandabhai Currimmahomed and Canji Poonja respectively, on the North by the property of Canji Poonja and on the South by the said Carnac Road.

Bombay dated this 7th day of April, 1942.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(7980)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ABBA HAJI ABDUL REHMAN HAJI MOTA has contracted to sell the undermentioned immovable property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at ALLI CHAMBERS, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or Ground of the quit and ground Rent tenure, containing by admeasurement 156 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 4992 part, New No. 1196 (part), New Survey No. 5138(part) and Cadastral Survey No. 2/3935 of Bhuleshwar Division together with the dwelling house and all premises standing or lying thereon assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 7887(1) Old Street Nos. 85 to 117, New Street Nos. 121-123 and 2 to 32 Durgadevi and Second Pathan Street and which said premises are situate at the junction of Trimbbak Parshram Street and Pathan Street in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Pathan Street, on or towards the West by Trimbak Parashram Street, on or towards the South by property of Cawasji Mancherji Doctor and on or towards the North by the property of the said Cawasji Mancherji Doctor sold to Gulabsingh Guruduttasingh.

Dated this 7th day of April, 1942.

GAGRAT & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

7976.

The game of Matrimony with a set of New Rules

Pahila Palna

NEW HUNS ROLLICKING COMEDY.

हंस चित्र

Producer:
BABURAO PENDHARKAR

Starring:
BABURAO PENDHARKAR
SHANTA HUBLIKAR

CENTRAL

Daily: 3-30, 6-15 and 9 P.M.

PICKING BANDS

Beltings Buffers etc., manufactured by THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD., highly approved by the Mills. Apply Selling Agents THE INDUSTRIAL LEATHER CO., LTD., 9 Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay. 'Phone 33609.

NATION'S CALL - -
CIRCO'S Epic of and for the Nation

Apna Ghar

with
SHANTA APTE, CHANDRAMOHAN
Director: DEBAKI BOSE

KRISHNA

TALKIES—Dubash Theatre.
3 Shows To-day:
HINDI: 3 and 6 p.m.
MARATHI: 9 p.m.

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

TO-DAY LAST DAY!

"HOLD BACK THE DAWN"

with CHARLES BOYER

FROM TOMORROW

"CAPTAIN CAUTION"

New adventures.

SINGING DANCING ROMANCING

NALINI JAYWANT
in NATIONAL'S

Nirdosh

SWASTIK

Daily: 3 and 9 p.m. Hindi
6 p.m. Marathi

NEW SLOGAN
Art For Life's Sake!
SEE
AMAR PICTURES'

KHILAUNA

Starring:
SNEHPRABHA, PRABHA & JAIRAJ
3rd WEEK
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

A Flowery Romance Of a Beautiful Flower-Girl!

Rich in Romance!
Punched with
Hot Music & Comedy!

MALAN

SUNRISE PICTURES'
Super Social

Starring:—
SHANTA HUBLIKAR
BALWANT SINGH, JAGDISH
RATAN BAI, M. MUSHARAF.

LAMINGTON

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P.M. Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 1 p.m.

13th WEEK
TODAY SPECIAL SHOW AT 1 P.M.
FOR LADIES ONLY!.....

NEW THEATRES'
Human Document

BHARATI PUNKAJ **DOCTOR**

Daily: 3-30, 6-15 & 9 p.m. only

AT NEW **WEST-END**

ROXY

Daily: 2-15, 5-45, 9 p.m.

BOMBAY TALKIES'
Song-and-Dance Miracle

JHOOLA

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

ON THE AIR

THURSDAY, APRIL 9.

Delhi, 1—Programme.

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian troops. 5 Jigar ki Ghazlen. 5-15 Lachhi Ram. 5-30 Songs from the Saints. 6-20 The Strong Trio. 6-30 Panna Lal. 6-50 Maqsood Anwar. 7 Kaifi aur Naat. 7-15 I met an orientalist. 1. 7-30 It has happened. 7-35 Mohammad Rafi. 7-45 For villagers only. 8-30 Recent and Readable. 8-45 Munni. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Maqsood Anwar. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Lachhi Ram. 10-15 Gauhar Sultan. 10-30 Munni.

Bombay 1—Programme.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Dashrathbuwa Muley. 7-50 News in Hindustani. 8 News in English. 8-10 Saleh Mohammad. 8-25 Gokulibai Kakodker. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Rajabhau Sathe. 9-20 Flute recital. 1.-20 p.m. Indian music. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Indian music 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Rajabhau Sathe. 5-20 Dashrathbuwa Muley. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Saleh Mohammad. 6 News in English. 6-10 News in Hindustani. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Gokulibai Kakodker. 7 Book review. 7-15 Saleh Moahmmad. 7-30 Rajabhau Sathe. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 Armitial. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Books and Authors. 8-45 March of time. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Musical interlude. 9-55 Listening post. 10 The Philharmonic Symphony Orchestra of New York. 10-15 Show time.

Bombay II—Programme.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-50 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 7-50 Dashrathbuwa Muley. 8 Sarangi recital. 8-10 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Brahmanand Bhajan. 9 Ghazal. 9-20 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

5 to 6 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 6 Instrumental Duet. 6-10 Marathi Bhavgeet. 6-20 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

61.46 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Gat Tora on Tabla. 8-15 G. S. Yellapurkar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-15 Gokulibai Kakodker. 9-30 Rajabhau Sathe. 9-45 Dashrathbuwa Muley. 10-15 to 10-45 As in Bombay 1.

Mazgaon Dock Dispute

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Government of Bombay have appointed Mr. Justice M. C. Chagla to adjudicate on the dispute between the Mazgaon Dock and its employees in order to secure efficient prosecution of war effort.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS MATUNGA: A Public Study Class on the subject of "Memory in the Dying" will be held at 8-15 p.m. to-day (Thursday), at Patla House, Bhaudaji Road, Matunga.

METRO
COMFORTABLY COOL
ESPLANADE ROAD.
TELEPHONE 31045.
DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 P. M.
LAST DAY!
Clark GABLE Lana TURNER
HONKY TONK
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture
TOMORROW!

MARCH
SCOTT
ONE FOOT IN HEAVEN
Everybody loved the book... everyone's coming to the picture!
It's from last season's beloved best-seller!
A WARNER BROS. HIT, with BEULAH BONDI - GENE LOCKHART

IT'S STORY is WINNING Record Applauses

The Village Girl's attempts at being a SOCIETY LADY draw LAUGHS!
HIND PICTURES
SMART SOCIAL
SOCIETY
with
SITARA
NAZIR
MAJID, ALAKNANDA, RAJKUMARI SHUKLA, GOPE,
Director: NAZIR
NOW DRAWING CROWDS at
NOVELTY
TALKIES—Grant Road Corner.
Shows Daily:
3-30, 6-30, & 9-30 p.m.
A B.P.C. RELEASE.

APTE TRAIN MURDER CASE

Death Sentences Confirmed

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Wasoodew.)

1. Dr. A. Macgregor
2. Sardar Mahmad Fazal-uddin ... Accused.

v.

Imperator.

In furtherance of their common intention of committing robbery, on the night of 25th August 1941 the two accused were alleged to have boarded without tickets a running train at Deogal Station and to have entered a second class compartment occupied by one Capt. S. S. Apte, a Medical Recruiting Officer, to have extorted from him Rs. 1-10 and a silver watch and then to have stabbed him fatally before jumping off the train.

On these facts the accused were charged with murder and robbery. The Sessions Judge of Nasik before whom they were tried sentenced both of them to death for the offence of murder, and passed a sentence of two year's rigorous imprisonment and seven years' rigorous imprisonment on the first and second accused respectively.

The death sentences came up for confirmation before Their Lordships. Both the accused also exercised their right to challenge their respective convictions themselves by way of appeal.

Their Lordships had no hesitation in accepting the confessions made by the accused which received substantial corroboration from the statement made by the deceased Capt. Apte before his death and from the other evidence in the case. In view of the deliberate nature of the crime Their Lordships confirmed the death sentences passed upon both the accused. With regard to the plea in mitigation of his sentence that the second accused was a 19-year-old motor-mechanic who had been led away by the first accused, Their Lordships were of the opinion that was no reason to distinguish between the two accused in respect of responsibility for the crime.

Mr. M. M. Karbhari appeared for the first accused.

Mr. M. K. Azad appeared for the second accused.

The Government Pleader, Mr. R. A. Jaghirdar, appeared for the Crown.

NATIONAL WEEK CELEBRATION

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

There was brisk khadi hawking in all wards of the city on the third day of the National Week. The "Self-Protection" Exhibition inaugurated by Dr. M. D. D. Gilder was visited by a large number of citizens.

A demonstration of First Aid exercises was organised by the P. V. B. at Jinnah Hall in the evening. A complete idea about the functioning of the First Aid posts and the operation of the First Aid squads was conveyed during the demonstration. Simple charts explaining the processes of First Aid were exhibited in the Hall.

CUT THIS OUT & KEEP IT

TO-NIGHT in Bombay, it is enough to black-out a strip round the sea-coast. In the centre of the City it is enough if you shade or screen your lights —for the present. But if the Raiders come at night, every lighted window will be a target for bombs, shells or machine-gun bullets.

LIGHTS BRING BOMBS

Bombay's first raids will most likely be by shellfire from the sea. Perhaps we may also have a simultaneous attack by two or three low-flying aircraft, launched by the warship. Mass-bombing from the air is most improbable at present, because Japanese land bases are too far away and their aircraft-carriers too valuable for them to risk almost certain loss.

DURING AN ATTACK

You will need a little light indoors—
But not a gleam may show from outside—
Therefore fix your screens and shades **NOW**

Published for the information of the citizens of Bombay by the Government of Bombay.

A.R.P. WARDEN'S POST

YOUR WARDEN WILL HELP YOU

Meet him at your nearest Warden Post between 6.0 & 9.0 p.m. any evening

CUT THIS OUT & KEEP IT

MARRIAGES ARE MADE IN HEAVEN AND EARTH IS NO HEAVEN!

SEE How a young loving couple was thrown into strange predicament by DESTINY

VENUS PICTURES' Stirring Social

KIRTI

: Story : RANGNEKAR

: Direction GUNJAL

Starring:— LALITA PAWAR, P. JAIRAJ, JAGDISH, etc.

FROM SAT. THE 11th AT

MINERVA TALKIES

Booking:—NEW INDIA FILM CORPORATION
Novelty Cinema, Grant Road.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 9, 1998
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 21, 1361
Parsi: Avan 2 1311
Sunrise: 6-28 a.m. Sunset: 6-53 p.m.
Hightide: 6-12, 19-33; Lowtide: 0-34, 12-35

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

SWASTIK—"Nirdosh" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Naya Sansar" 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Malan" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Hold Back The Dawn" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
METRO—"Honky Tonk" 3-30 6-30 and 9-30
EXCELSIOR—"You Will Never Get Rich" 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Sohana Geet" 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
NEW WEST-END—"Doctor" 3-30, 6-15 and 9
MAJESTIC—"Bharat Milap" 2-30, 5-45 and 8-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Pyas" 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Taj Mahal" 3-30(6-15 and 9
REGAL—"Keep em Flying" 4, 6-30 and 9-30
AURORA—"Sikandar" 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Shadi" 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Pagal" 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Blood and Sand" 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Khilauna" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Jhoola" 2-15, 5-45 and 9 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Apna Ghar" 3, 6 and 9 p.m.
NOVELTY—"Society" 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30
CENTRAL—"Pahila Palna" 3-30 6-15 and 9

AQUATIC SPORTS: Aquatic sports, (water polo) will be held at Back Bay Bath, Fort, to-day (Thursday), at 6 p.m.

ZANANA SHOW OF "DOCTOR": There will be a ladies show of 'Doctor' at West End to-day (Thursday), at 1 p.m.

NATIONAL WEEK BY TARUN SANGH: It has been decided to hold two public meetings on Saturday and Sunday respectively, one at Matunga and the other in the city, by Tarun Sangh.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Owing to heavy congestion, telegrams between Bombay and the following offices are subject to serious delay: Madras, South India, Calcutta Lahore, New Delhi, Agra and Karachi.

NATIONAL & P. V. B. WEEK

To-day's (Thursday) Programme

8-30 p.m. (S.T.): Public meeting at Kamatipura Bazar Road, President: Shri S. K. Patil, Speakers: Shri S. L. Silam; V. R. Tulla and S. V. Sovani.

P.V.B. Self-Protection Exhibition: Open from 5 to 8 p.m. (S.T.)

To-day's Special Demonstration: 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) A.R.P. Demonstration. Use of the Stirrup Pump.

No admission fee for the Exhibition as well as demonstration.

P.V.B.'S BOARD OF CONTROL MEETING: A meeting of the Board of Control will be held to-day (Thursday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the Headquarters of the People's Volunteer Brigade, Jinnah Hall.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS: The Viscount Ednam arrived at Government House on Wednesday.

PEOPLE'S VOLUNTEER BRIGADE: All the "D" Ward, P.V.B. volunteers from Circle No. 4, (Gamdevi Chaupati); No. 6 (Khetwadi Back Road, Falkland Road) and No. 15, (Banganga Area) are requested to be present to receive their badges, to-day (Thursday), at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Newtan Kelwani Mandir, Gamdevi, at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Tulsi Building, Khetwadi Back Road, and at 8 a.m. (S.T.) at Jethamal Assanmal Hall, Banganga, respectively.

All the P.V.B. Lady volunteers of "D" Ward are requested to be present in Jinnah Hall, to-morrow (Friday), at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) to receive their instructions for the "Flag-day" on Saturday, 11th instant.

VISIT TO HARIJAN LOCALITY: As a part of National Week programme the "D" Ward (Girgaum) Congress Committee organised a function at the Harijan Chawls at Ansley Road (Lamington Road) on Tuesday, at 8 a.m. The members of the said Committee together with the P.V.B. Volunteers went to the Chawls and cleaned the premises themselves. After this a meeting was held when all the members and P.V.B. Volunteers freely mixed with the Harijans. Mr. S. V. Sovani the D. O. of the "D" Ward presided. Short speeches were made by Messrs. C. M. Mody, Mohanlal Desai, S. G. Songaokar and Dr. Rathod (a Harijan Worker). Mrs. Modak, Miss Usha Mehta and a lady volunteer served tea to Harijans and the Harijan Boys and Girls served tea and distributed sweets to the Congress workers.

HOTEL & RESTAURANT KEEPERS—The Hon. Secretary, Bombay and Suburban Hotel and Restaurant Keepers' Association writes: "Hotel and restaurant-keepers are requested to fill up the forms which will be supplied to them by the bill-collectors of the Association, if they are desirous of keeping their Hotels and Restaurants as the case may be, open during the time of an emergency on the conditions and terms unanimously decided by the general meeting on 28th March 1942, at Dhobi Talao, and duly submitted to the Government of Bombay for consideration."

A.R.P. COMMITTEE, MATUNGA: Dr. S. K. Deshpande will deliver a lecture on "First-Aid to the Injured" at 9 p.m. today (Thursday), in Ramnarain Ruia College.

ENGLISH COMEDY IN AID OF OUR WOUNDED

On the morning of Sunday 19th April, 1942, at the Royal Opera House a three-act comedy called "School For Husbands" will amuse the Bombay audiences. The proceeds of this play are to go to the wounded Indian Soldiers In Hospitals In India.

"School For Husbands", produced by Mr. Jehangir Anklesaria, is a play dealing with two modern marriages which are nearly wrecked by jealosies and groundless suspicions, caused by an author who in the end with the help of his successful career brings about a satisfying end. The leading roles are played by Mehra Mistri (L.T.C.L. Eloc) and Jehangir Anklesaria. The tickets (Rs. 2/4 and Rs. 1/2 both reserved) may be had of the members of the cast and Mrs. H. F. Karaka, (Phone 35145). Firdaus, Colaba

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
GRAND HOLIDAY ATTRACTION!
BUD ABBOTT and LOU COSTELLO
"Keep 'em Flying"
MARTHA RAYE CAROL BRUCE
WILLIAM GARGAN DICK FORAN
A UNIVERSAL PICTURE
Plenty of FUN and SONGS!
ALSO
"SIR STAFFORD CRIPPS IN INDIA"

QUALITY guaranteed by Government Seals

The Agmark Seal guarantees pure, pasteurised butter made under perfect hygienic conditions. It certifies 16% moisture to rigid Municipal standards and offers the greatest food value at only slightly increased cost to inferior quality butter.

OLD IDEAS ALL UPSET by this Tablet
ACTION-SPEED-SAFETY!

A TRAIL OF COMPLAINTS THAT BECOME A DREAM IF 'ASPRO' IS TAKEN:

2 tablets of 'ASPRO' will stop HEADACHE in 5 minutes
bring sweet sleep to the SLEEPLESS
relieve LUMBAGO
soothe away IRRITABILITY
stop TOOTHACHE and NEURALGIA at once
soothe away ACHES and PAINS
reduce FEVER in a few minutes
stop WOMEN'S PAINS
remove DENGUE FEVER quickly
get rid of EPIDEMIC COMPLAINTS
soothe away NERVE SHOCK
dispel SORE THROAT and TONSILLITIS in form of gargle
remove ALCOHOLIC AFTER-EFFECTS
2—3 tablets of 'ASPRO' will break up COLDS and INFLUENZA
2—4 tablets will relieve RHEUMATISM, NEURITIS and GOUT in one night.
Full directions in the carton

The old idea that it took a long time to stop pain or dispel the cause of illness has been completely exploded by 'ASPRO'—the medicine which soothes the pain away in five minutes, and then dispels or dissolves the cause by its anti-pyretic, Uric Acid dissolving, anti-fermentative or antiseptic qualities (after ingestion in the system). Nerve pains fly like magic—rheumatism disappears in a night—sweet sleep comes to the sleepless—influenza and colds are hunted out in 24 hours, all by the aid of 'ASPRO', the great UNIVERSAL MEDICINE which has found its way into the majority of homes in the civilised world through its wonderful mission of help, healing and service for all.

Each single tablet is sealed separately and in moisture-proof compartments and will keep fresh and pure for years. It is untouched by human hands throughout manufacture.

Here's the Proof . . .

INDISPENSABLE HOUSEHOLD MEDICINE.—
Mr. Newton writes: "Have since recommended 'ASPRO' to fellow-workers—truly astonishing how rapidly 'ASPRO' banishes pain. It is the one indispensable household medicine—a chemist's shop in a cardboard packet."

DENTIST'S EXPERIENCE.—
W. F. R. writes: "I thank you for 'ASPRO' tablets. I found them very efficacious in a case I had of 'Post Operative' pain following the extract of an abscessed tooth. Wishing you success..."

'ASPRO' IS A SAFE & EFFECTIVE GARGLE FOR SORE THROAT & TONSILLITIS
Two 'ASPRO' tablets dissolved in four tablespoonfuls of water make a very excellent gargle for sore throat, tonsillitis, and act as a deterrent.

'ASPRO' IS SO SAFE A CHILD CAN TAKE IT
HOW TO GIVE 'ASPRO' TO THE KIDDIES. Two simple methods of giving 'ASPRO' to the kiddies are: (a) with a little milk; or (b) break the tablet up, and administer in a teaspoonful of jam. The dosage is: Children 3 to 6 years, ½ tablet; 6 to 14 years, one tablet; 14 to 18 years, 1½ tablets. 'ASPRO', like every other medicine, should not be given to babies under 3 years of age without medical advice.

'ASPRO' RELIEVES MALARIA
'ASPRO' DOES NOT HARM THE HEART OR STOMACH

PRICES: 3 TABLETS As. 1
30 TABLETS As. 10

Distributors:
J. L. MORISON, SON & JONES (India) LTD.
P. O. Box 258, Bombay. Tel. 30958 and Branches.
48

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Telephone No. 22037 Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Post Box 322 Registered No. B 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

UNHELPFUL SPEECH

Lord Halifax's speech in New York on India is very much like those we have been accustomed to hear from men like Mr. Amery. For that very reason it is ill calculated to help a settlement between India and Britain, if the persons now engaged in negotiations care to take any serious notice of it. We shall not say anything here about Lord Halifax's observation on the past record of Britain in India, that since the latter half of the 18th century the British had been trying to give India unity, security and higher social and economic standards and trying to develop India's political life. The Americans, if they are interested in this record, will find a fuller and more truthful account in "India in Bondage" by one of their own countrymen", Dr. J. T. Sunderland, a book which is proscribed in India, though available in America and Britain. We shall only point out here that the result of Britain's attempts for two centuries to give India higher economic standards is that on an average an Indian's monthly income is barely five rupees. And as regards the attempts at unity, they may be judged by the proposals framed by the British Cabinet permitting the partitioning of India into an indefinite number of States.

Halifax Speaks

At the very time strenuous attempts are being made by Britain, America and China to enlist real co-operation from the people and the Congress in particular. Lord Halifax has the temerity to say that the Congress represents "only a small proportion of the whole of India", that its representative character is rejected by "large numbers of Hindus" "and by all the 90 million Indian Muslim." He says, too, that, despite Congress non-co-operation, the nation's war efforts "have been voluntary and have been magnificent." America knows Congress better. Lord Halifax, who had to make a Pact with Gandhiji in 1931 knows it better still.

As for Lord Halifax's remark that there has been no strike in India of any consequence in India since the war broke out, only those Americans will be deceived by this statement who do not know that most of the accredited Labour leaders are in jail without a trial and that the Defence of India Rules hang like Damocle's sword over any workers suggesting a strike of any consequence. If war effort were so "magnificent" as Lord Halifax would make it out to be, Mr. Churchill would not have cared to negotiate with the Congress.

What India Wants

Referring to those proposals of Sir Stafford Cripps which purport to deal with the minorities Lord Halifax says: "If any scheme is to be successful it must carry a broad agreement both of minorities and the rulers of Indian States." Yet neither Lord Halifax nor the War Cabinet care to secure the agreement of the 100 millions in the States. And as regards his view that "if the demand of the Indian leaders in the defence field is such as would involve the division of responsibility for this vital subject, it would be contrary to all that experience has taught the United Nations in this war." We have to say that this is a misleading objection. Congress does not want dyarchy. It wants that in all matters of general policy the Indian Cabinet's voice must be supreme. But in all operational questions the Cabinet is prepared to accept the views of the Commander-in-Chief. In their respective spheres the two authorities will be independent, as they are, for instance, in a Dominion like Australia. What is good and possible for Australia should also be good and possible for India. If our best efforts failed", said Lord Halifax, "the British Government would find itself obliged to do its own duty without the assistance or co-operation of larger Indian organised parties.... We shall, I doubt not, continue to have the co-operation and goodwill of millions of Indians, not less devoted than the accredited leaders to the cause of Indian freedom." Government need not fail in their efforts at settlement if they care to be guided by the accredited leaders of the country. If, however, they continue to flout the leaders, the responsibility for the consequences will be wholly theirs.

Danger To India

Japanese naval activities in the Bay of Bengal and the air raids on Vizagapatam and Coconada have compelled the British press to speculate on the reality of the danger to India. It admits that India is far less strongly defended than Australia although, of course, it will not admit that Australia has a vigorous and free Government and her defence does not enjoy the supreme blessing of being an exclusive responsibility of the British Government. India is certainly vulnerable on her eastern coast. But an actual invasion is less practicable than that of Australia because of the long sea distances that will be involved. It is only possible if the gallant gentlemen and their Right Honourable superiors in the British War Cabinet, who between them insist on being exclusively responsible for India's defence have neither a naval nor an airforce to meet and cripple a Japanese invasion fleet during its long and dangerous voyage.

A threat to India via Burma is, of course, a different question. It is not imminent but every Japanese advance in Burma brings the Japanese aerially nearer India. A British paper hopes that the Japanese will be unable to bring into action on the Burma front the same overwhelming force as they did in Malaya. This is sheer nonsense. Why can they not, particularly now that so many divisions in Singapore and the Netherlands East Indies are free to be moved elsewhere? But, even as the present situation is, the Japanese are considerably superior to the Sino-British forces in Burma and with the command of the air that superiority is almost overwhelming. The defenders are fighting a delaying action gallantly enough. But if, as it is admitted, they cannot receive substantial reinforcements for weeks because of the difficulties of communication, their only hope is assistance in the air. With adequate air force they can yet hold up the Japanese till the monsoon arrives. Without it—one does not like to contemplate the grave possibilities.

Indians In South Africa

The Whites in South Africa are already getting nervous at the prospect of India getting Dominion Status. The Nationalist Opposition in the Assembly asked the Prime Minister, Field Marshal Smuts, whether the granting of Dominion Status to India would confer on Indians in the Union the rights and privileges of the nationals of other British Dominions and whether Indians in the Union would have the right to claim full Union nationality and political equality. General Smuts only replied that the effect of the British proposals to India on the position of Indians in the Union had still to be considered, and any statement at this juncture would be premature. Technically speaking, the Opposition was, perhaps, right in its view that India's Dominion Status "would not impose any obligations on the Union with reference to the existing legislation." But in practice we doubt very much if any Government in South Africa would venture to continue the present anti-Indian legislation when India is free. If Indians do not get equal status in other Dominions that will only hasten the advent of complete independence. Meanwhile, it will be well for the Whites everywhere to shed gracefully their colour prejudices. Such prejudices have already cost them dear and are sure to cost them a great deal more if they are not overcome betimes.

Frankly Speaking

Bataan Situation

Latest reports about the fighting in the Bataan Peninsula are calculated to arouse anxiety. The Japanese are throwing masses of troops—they are reported to have received fresh reinforcements in considerable strength—and aeroplanes into their effort to crush General Wainwright. The Washington communique admits that Japanese attacks on General Wainwright's centre are meeting with success, too. If the wedge is driven deep and wide, General Wainwright's position will very soon become quite serious. The collapse of Philippino-American resistance will be a great gain for the Japanese and an equally great tragedy for the United Nations. But it looks as if it cannot long be avoided

Malta

A cable dated Wednesday says: "Malta had its 2,000th alert and the biggest raid yet on the same day—yesterday. Four enemy planes were shot down and another probably destroyed and two damaged." Malta is the best defended single base in the British Empire. Still, the manner in which it has stood up to Nazi aerial attacks day in and day out is just amazing. It deserves all the tributes of admiration that has been paid to it and even a V. C. which a British paper suggested. But why is it that the Germans are so fiercely concentrating on it? They have suffered heavy losses in their incessant raids yet, the scale of attacks has increased instead of decreasing. It is interpreted to be designed to immobilise Malta as a striking base But the plan may also very well be to capture it, if possible. Whatever Nazi intentions and whatever its future Malta has already made history and, more than that, it has established its title to adequate and appropriate recognition. The only appropriate recognition is a response to its gallantry by General Auchinleck's English Army.

Deplorable

The quarrel in the Allahabad University between Hindu and Muslim students about the display of flags is deplorable but avoidable. It is wise for students or others not to insist on the display of the National Flag at any function if any section opposes its display. This method has often been found to reduce steadily opposition to the Flag. The alternative is to permit the use of a number of flags including sectional ones, but this cannot but mar the efficacy of displaying one flag as the National Flag.

A. R. P. Shelters

It has been suggested by some that the brick screens that are being erected all over the city are not safe enough as air raid shelters and that concrete screens would be much safer. This is obviously a question for experts. The soundness of the suggestion may well be tested with experiments.

Up With Women

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Your report of the Rt. Hon. V. S. Sastri's speech in the issue of April 4.

"The tendency to separatism had become so rampant that one day women might start saying "Man has been our eternal enemy. Down with him."

No, the tendency to TRUTH is so great that Man himself is on the eve of saying "Woman has been our eternal Friend. Up with her!"

For he will never be really "up" himself on the highest level of freedom until she has drawn him there. Above all, let the States, or the noble women of the States, mark this.—Yours, etc.,

ORA E. KARN.

Cricket Club of India, April 6.

Hold Examinations Without Delay

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Will the Government of Bombay issue immediate instructions to all the school authorities in the City to hold all their terminal or annual examinations without delay, so as to enable the students to leave the town early, in case their parents or guardians are anxious to do so? In view of the precautions taken by the Governments of Bengal and Madras, and the swift aerial advance of the enemy, this action on the part of all responsible Authorities is essential and urgent. Will you, Sir, lend your support to this appeal?—Yours, etc.

B. F. BHARUCHA.

SIX CITY MILL WORKERS ARRESTED

BOMBAY Wednesday.

Six workers of the Indian Manufacturing Company a textile mill in Byculla were arrested this evening under the Defence of India rules on a charge of inciting other workers to go on a strike.

It will be recalled that 500 men from the mill are on a strike for the last four days.

STRIKE IN CITY SAW MILLS

Six hundred workmen from the Sunderdas Saw Mills at Reay Road, declared a strike on Wednesday afternoon, as it is stated, an official of their Trade Union who was collecting subscriptions on behalf of the Union was assaulted by some dissenters.

Curtailment Of Cotton Acreage

PRICE CONTROL CONFERENCE TACKLES PROBLEM OF FOODSTUFFS

NEW DELHI, April 8.

The control of prices of foodstuffs, the licensing of wholesale and retail dealers, the regulation of railway transport, the problem of surplus short-staple cotton and the supply of 'standard cloth'—these were among the subjects on which conclusions were arrived at and recommendations made by the fifth Price Control Conference, held in New Delhi yesterday and to-day.

After reviewing the general course of prices in recent months, the conference came to the conclusion that the control of the prices of foodstuffs should be closely associated with the control over the distribution to various areas. The conference recommended that wholesale dealers or purchasers from the primary producers should be licensed by the provincial Governments and that the course of the distribution of the products and the areas of distribution should from time to time be supplied to the provincial Governments or officers concerned by such wholesale dealers.

The question of the regulation of railway transport was one which might be left to the Transport Advisory Councils established in various areas.

PRICE OF RICE

The conference next considered specific problems relating to particular foodstuffs. The question of wheat, its maximum price and the manner of its distribution having been settled as explained on behalf of the Central Government by the wheat commissioner, the conference recommended that in relation to rice the following procedure might be adopted. It was the opinion of the conference that the price of rice had not reached a level where it could be considered that control would be necessary. It was also a fact that both in variety and in price there were differences from area to area in regard to this commodity. The conference realised that it might be necessary to fix different maximum prices in different areas for different qualities of rice. It therefore recommended that the regional councils which would shortly be constituted should, as soon as they meet, survey the question of the maximum prices that might be fixed for different qualities of rice and make recommendation to the Central Government in this behalf.

SHORT STAPLE COTTON

The conference examined the question of short staple cotton. It was reiterated on behalf of the Central Government that the Central Government was not prepared to enter the market and make any purchases of surpluses of short and fair staple cotton in the next season and that warning should again be conveyed to all cultivators of such cotton. The conference recommended that:—(1) With a view to preventing the increase in the acreage of cultivation in some areas of cotton of any kind which would militate against the attempts made by other areas to drastically curtail the area of such cultivation, the Central Government might issue a prohibitory order prohibiting any extension of cultivation of any kind of cotton for the next year in the whole of British India and make a similar recommendation for Indian States, an exception however being made for what is technically known as long staple cotton: (2) with a view to encourage both the curtailment of the acreage of short and fair staple cotton and, where possible, the transfer of such areas to the cultivation of food crops, the Central Government might, where it felt satisfied that such a grant was justified, allocate from the special fund established for the purpose a sum of money which would enable the Provincial Government to remit the whole or part of the land revenue collected from the cultivator for the land which had been converted into alternative food crops:

(3) The Central Government might delegate to Provincial Government, which desired to do so, the power to prevent the cultivation in any area of crops which were considered unnecessary or excessive from the point of view of the needs of the country.

The Chairman indicated to the Conference that in view of the shortage that was likely to be felt in the supply position of kerosine, superior and inferior, bulk rationing had been introduced from April 1, a cut of ten per cent having been imposed on the oil-supply to any area. Further reductions may have to be contemplated and the conference generally agreed that in view of the short supply, the prices in retail markets had to be carefully watched.

The conference then concluded its session.

A. P

U. S. PRESCRIPTION FOR INDO-BRITISH DEADLOCK

Britain Must Convince India That Co-operation With United Nations Means Not Only Freedom From Japanese Aggression But Also From English Domination

NEW YORK, April 8.

In a leading article on Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's reported appeal to Colonel Louis Johnson for President Roosevelt's aid in considering the British proposals the "New York Herald Tribune" says:—"The President's intervention might somewhat assuage the long standing bitterness between Indian Nationalists and the British, and it might improve the atmosphere by adding American endorsement to the British pledges. But it is fantastic to suppose the United States could force Britain into decisions, which Britain believed unwise or accept the responsibility for imposing problems of India. The notion that the United States could do so tends to stultify position which Nationalist leaders themselves have claimed that India should be free to work out her own destiny without artificial hindrances or restrictions by the British. That opportunity Britain seemed categorically to promise in her latest offer, but now the objection to it is that various Indian leaders are now not asking for greater freedom to meet their own problems. Instead they seem to be insisting that the problems should be foreclosed in their favour."

The "Herald Tribune" continues that Americans find it very difficult to sympathise with the appeals from India which imply that the United States should assume the responsibility for India's destiny, though such an attitude may be "historically understandable." "Lord Halifax last night gave a very fair and reasonable exposition of the major conflicting forces in India. The way in which the offer has been received has not increased American estimate of the realism of Indian political leaders. The most that any of us can hope for in this desperate world is the only chance to solve our own problems and not guarantee that they be solved for us."

BURDEN OF PUBLIC GUILT

The "New York Times" says: "We do not know what President Roosevelt can do or say to smooth the long standing quarrels between India and Britain. In ordinary times, opinion in the United States might sympathise with Indian leaders and certainly with populations of arbitrarily ruled Indian States and above all with the untouchables. Their lot has been at times terrible, but nothing in it can be as trying and terrible as the fate the Japanese will certainly inflict on them. The fact that American opinion may now be decisive has weighted most heavily upon Indian leaders who seem to be raising unnecessary difficulties.

We in the United States are inexperienced in the mazes of Indian politics, but we can see with perfect clearness that if no agreement is reached the lot of India and Britain, and our own too, will be infinitely worse than even if an imperfect compromise is accepted. Final failing would be devastating to the cause of freedom for India and the United Nations. If such occurs and if persons responsible can be identified, the burden of their public guilt will be enormous."

The Cincinnati Enquirer (April Fifth) "The effective work of our flying fortresses from Indian bases will give the American Government every right to interpose its urgent counsel on India's political leaders".

ASIA AS ALLIES.

Mr. Walter Lippmann says: "A new epoch began from the fall of France. It has brought about the disestablishment of western empires in Asia. In this new order, no empire but the anti-imperialism of the democratic peoples will be decisive in their relationship with the east. The western democracies will deal with Asia as Allies and not as protectors".

BRITAIN MUST GIVE PROOF.

A hearst column on the seventh April: "The crux of the situation in India does not lie so much in the character or degree of Indian independence—or rather of English dominion—offered by the British Government. It lies in the unwillingness of Asia any longer to recognise any form of foreign dominion. Asia for Asiaties is the principle round which the people of Asia are for the most part rallying. The first obligation of England, the first step in framing a practical plan for the defence of India is to overcome that sentiment and completely convince the leaders and people of India that co-operation with the united nations means not only freedom from the Japanese aggression but from English domination. There is only one requirement necessary in the situation and it is sincerety.

The Daily Worker (April Seventh) urges that Britain should make all concessions demanded by Indians.

The Chicago "Times" (April Seventh) says —India will not fight for any kind of empire personified by Mr. Amery and gloomily see a major disaster ahead for the United Nations.

The "Omaha World Herald" contrasts the loyalty of the Pillipinos with the failure of the British rule over Indians and Burmese.

The "Eortworth Star" telegram says: The Indian situataion is in the worst possible muddle and suggests that Britain should rapidly make further concessions, but Desmoiines Register and the Pueblo Chieftan take the opposite line arguing that the present British concessions are drastic and should be accepted by Indian leaders. —Reuter.

"National Week"

FREEDOM, BEST INSURANCE AGAINST REPRESSION

Appeal To Public To Join P. V. B. In Large Numbers For City's Safety

To celebrate the third day of the National Week the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee organised a public meeting at Ghorapdeo on Wednesday evening. Mr. Dhirubhai Desai presided.

Addressing the gathering Mr. Desai referred to the Jallianwalla Baug massacre and said that the National Week was observed to commemorate the martyrdom of the herces of this tragedy which occurred 23 years ago.

The Punjab atrocities, he stated had roused the nation and brought about a complete change in the outlook of the masses which reached its culminating point in the non-co-operation movement of 1931-32.

He then adverted to the constructive programme of the Congress and exhorted the audience to implement it.

Concluding Mr Desai said that now that the war had actually come to India it was in their own interest to be well prepared and the best way to do it was to join the People's Volunteer Brigade.

Mr. S. K. Patil, speaking next declared that the only way of insuring ourselves against the occurrences of such humiliating incidents as the Jallianwalla Baug massacre and the Rowlatt Act was to obtain freedom.

He pointed out how during the 23 years which had elapsed since the incidents India had radically changed from an unorganised into a fully organised country under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi and the Congress.

He had no doubt that India would soon be a Temple of Freedom.

Referring to the present situation Mr. Patil said that the war had now extended to India with the bombing of Vizagapatam and Cocanada At such a juncture, he continued, it was not appropriate to sit in judgment as to who was responsible for the war, but what was needed was quick and united action.

He appealed to the public not to get panicky and run away. Of course, he added, the old people, the maimed and women and children should be evacuated but the grown ups should remain where they were. He emphasised that it was sheer cowardice to run away at the approach of danger.

In conclusion he exhorted the public to join the P. V. B. in large numbers.

Messrs. M. V. Vora and K. L. Borkar, also addressed the meeting.

National Week Celebrations At Vile Parle

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Wednesday.

The Defence Week that commenced from Sunday the fifth instant has attracted good deal of public and the organisers are satisfied that their programme has and is doing its job. The exhibition is the special feature of the week and the practical demonstration in first aid in different sorts of words is highly appreciated. The other attractive item was the fire fighting squad parade and first aid procession which went round the principal localities shouting slogans and songs. This had the desired effect of rousing the public consciousness to the defence needs. The meeting of the Christians in Irlagaothan was also a notable success. Mr. Vithaldas Jerajani addressed them a few words and invited their increasing co-operation in their efforts to perfect the Defence arrangements in different localities.

Wednesday is the day of stock-taking and the workers meet at night to exchange their views on the works done. Mr. Jerajani impressed upon the workers the immediate necessity of completing the work amongst the citizens. In view of the impending danger that threatens the city and suburb, he insisted, everyone of them should exert their might and fill in even the minor details of work lest we may not be caught unawares. He expressed satisfaction for the work that has been done.

TRAINING IN COTTAGE INDUSTRIES

(From the All-India Village Industries Association):—

Powerful forces are driving us to realise the importance of resuscitating the village and its economic life. In the first place, our country is a land of villages, so if we would work for the country, we must work for the villages. In the second place, young men educated in schools and colleges are more and more left unemployed. Literacy education has left them helpless in the face of economic struggle for existence. Even in their own interests such men have to turn to village and cottage industries to earn their living. In the third place, the present uncertain conditions prevailing in towns and cities prevent young men from going back to colleges, which may not even re-open. In the fourth place, with war at our door, and with the consequent difficulty of transport, it has become essential for people wherever they are to produce all that they require for themselves. With the scanty capital available to us, the only possibility is for each family to take to some home industry or other and thus become self-dependent. And when our people have become self-dependent we shall have won real national independence.

With the object of preparing young men and women for village work and of teaching them a village industry, the All-India Village Industries Association has been conducting courses in its Gram Sevak Vidyalaya at Wardha.

1. The next session for the Gram Udyog Vinit (Elementary General Course) of the Gram Sevak Vidyalaya, A.I.V.I.A. Wardha, is from the 1st July, 1942, to the 30th April 1943.

2. Applicants for admission should not be under 22 years of age, should be healthy and fit for hard manual work, and should in education have reached at least the matriculation standard.

3. Students will have the option of taking one of the following two groups: 1. Oil-pressing, 2. Paper-making. Instructions in bee-keeping and soap-making will be given to both groups of students.

4. Expenses including fees, board, lodging and incidentals will amount to about Rs. 20 a month.

5. Students will reside in the Vidyalaya Hostel and take their meals there. The food served will be vegetarian.

6. No one should come before receiving a letter of admission from the Superintendent of the Vidyalaya.

Detailed prospectus and application forms may be had from the Superintendent, Gram Sevak Vidyalaya, Maganwadi, Wardha, C. P. whom all applications in the prescribed form must reach before the 31st May, 1942.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

WASHINGTON, April 7.

President Roosevelt declined at a Press Conference to-day, to comment on the reports from New Delhi that he might be asked to mediate between the Indian leaders and the British Government. President Roosevelt also denied having received a message from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. The President showed no inclination to discuss the Indian situation.—Reuter.

* * *

If the Cripps Mission failed the British Government would, Lord Halifax told an American audience, find itself obliged to to do its own duty without assistance or co-operation of the larger organised Indian parties.

And, with a profound sigh of thankful relief at reaching the stage of "duty" according to plan.

* * *

By the way, our unctuous very Christian ex-Viceroy has re-emerged as a friend with an emphatic assertion of his love for india and her people.

We are overwhelmed but we don't wonder that this love finds expression in the defence of India's vivisection and division of her people into peoples.

* * *

Lord Halifax spoke virtuously of the sanctity of treaties with the Princes.

Recalling the noble Lord's statesmanship during the hectic days of a Hitlerite orgy of treaty tearing you might feel tempted to point out an obvious contrast. But you mustn't. The contrast is only superficial. The fundamental principle is constant.

* * *

The whole atmosphere, said a London message yesterday, is tense with slight indications of the Cripps Mission's success.

Thee tenseness, we hope, will be relieved now.

* * *

According to Anglo-India, "few public men in India can claim so rich and varied a career" as Sir Md. Zafrullah.

Quite right. In fact, we can only think of one, the equally dependable—we mean the versatile Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai.

* * *

Emerging out of the South West Pacific Conference, Lord Halifax declared that the report made by President Roosevelt was very encouraging.

The most encouraging thing about the conference is that the British War Cabinet has little to do with it.

* * *

A further G. H. Q. communique says that no more than 10 planes participated in the raids on Vizagapatam and Cocanada and that no further reports of attacks on shipping in the Bay of Bengal have been received.

Will it perhaps be too much to deduce therefrom, that something has happened to the raiders?

* * *

BRITISH BOMBERS ATTACK RUHR
Rhineland Also Raided
—Headlines

Please don't worry and be patient. The turn of Japland in Burma will duly come.

* * *

The 'Daily Telegraph' of London tentatively expects that Japan cannot bring into action on the Burmese front a force as large as that which overwhelmed Malaya.

Why not? What can stop her? And, in fact, why need she bring so many to overwhelm so few?

* * *

George: "Is it true that you have made up your quarrel and are going to marry the girl?"

Mac: Yes! You see, she's grown verra 'stou and canna' get the engagement ring off her finger."

LONG LIQUIDATION IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

BUYERS CAUTIOUS AWAITING DEVELOPMENTS

Bombay, April 8.

After the recent active buying, the New York cotton market ruled quiet on long liquidation on Tuesday. Operators were inclined to be cautious pending fresh developments.

It was often pointed out that prospects of a record consumption by U. S. Mills this year will have considerable effect on the price structure. The U. S. A. Government released some of the loan stocks but prices kept on hardening and there is no sign of any important decline beyond a natural reaction.

NEW YORK MARKET

On Tuesday, the New York cotton market after trade and Mill buying against further sizeable Government awards for cotton goods, reacted on New Orleans and Commission House selling and uncovering of stopless orders. Selling was inspired by renewed talk that the Government may take 1941 loans and inclination of recent buyers towards caution and to await fresh developments.

New York July delivery opened at about the highest level of the day at a rise of 7 points at 19.82. There was steady selling and July declined to 19.58 which was the lowest level for the day. The market closed at a net decline of 9 to 17 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 11 points at 21.22c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet on liquidation and closed at a decline of 15 to 18 points. Spot cotton prices closed 15 points down at 20.12c. per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs Anandilal Podar and Co. state: Yesterday, cotton opened weak on enemy's bombings of South Indian ports, though these were thought to be to paralize shipping and stir up panic rather than any intended intensive invasion of India. Speculative selling was partly offset by trade buying. Ready market reported a considerable investment demand in Oomras. Owing to upcountry prices now being quoted about Rs. 8 higher than local parity, local receipts have petered off. The latest reports from Delhi in respect of Congress-Cripps negotiations are conflicting. The protected deliberations and the Congress reluctance to release for publication its original non-acceptance reply still leaves room for hopeful compromise. Particularly Pandit Jawaharlalji said last night that "The Congress had made clear its sympathies with the democracies and its opposition to the aggressor countries, Japan no less than Germany. Concluding, he said the problem of Indian independence has now become a world problem. Various countries especially America, China and Russia, were taking a great interest in Indian affairs. That was because, what happened to India would have immense influence on world affairs". Shares broke down but towards the close somewhat recovered. To-day, the Government of India's insurance of factories against war risk, including the "scorched earth" policy has been announced and this should relieve the anxiety of investors.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest (10 a.m.) ..... 19.82+07

New York July lowest (3 p.m.) ..... 19.58—17

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market reacted on profit-taking and local selling. Undertone steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 7

May	19.45—09
July	19.58—17
October	19.72—17
December	19.81—17
January	15.83—17
March	19.92—16
Middling Spot	21.22—11

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, April 7

May	19.47—15
July	19.65—18
October	19.99—17
December	20.09—17
January	20.04—17
March	20.13—18
Middling Spot	20.12—15

NEW YORK COTTON NOON CALL

New York, April 7

May	19.50
July	19.58
October	19.93

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 7

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£64
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£101 1/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£83 3/16
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 1/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£105 13/16
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114 7/16
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£113 1/2
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£5 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg.)	£49
National Bank of India	£25

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 7

T T London on:—

New York sellers 4.02 1/2 buyers 4.03 1/2
Madrid official 40.5 voluntary rate 46.55
Montreal sellers 4.43 buyers 4.47
Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4
Stockholm sellers 16.85 buyers 16.95

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 8

Following a decline of 17 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 150 for Broach A/M and at Rs. 170/8 for Broach J/A delivery but the market opened very steady on promulgation of ordinance for Insurance of factories against War risks. At the opening Broach J/A was quoted at Rs. 174 but under scattered selling prices declined to Rs. 173/4. At this level there was some professional buying and prices improved to Rs. 174/12 and steadied at Rs. 174/8.

Broach J/A rose to Rs. 175/12 but at this level ther ewas renewed selling and prices eased off to Rs. 172/12. Thereafter there was scattered buying and prices steadied. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:

BROACH April/May	Rs. 154 0 0
BROACH July/August	173 8 0
OOMRA May	138 0 0
OOMRA July	150 0 0
BENGAL May	127 0 0
BENGAL July	132 8 0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, April 8

	To-day	Total
Broach A/M	1000	46,350

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, April 8

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		133	130	127	124
M G Punjab		133	130	127	124
M G Rajputana		139	136	133	130
M G Oomra No. 3	143	142	137	132	
M G C P No. 1	177	174	171	168	
M G C P No. 2	156	153	150	147	
M G Broach No. 2		161	158	155	152
M G Punjab-American		236	233	230	227
M G Surat		291	288	285	282
M G Rajpipla		288	285	282	279
M G Navsari		294	291	288	285

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 8

	Old.	Ready
Bengal Fine	116-19	128/31
Berar	119-22	139/42
C. P. 1	128-27	169/71
C. P. 1	126-27	109/71
Khandesh	92-98	120/25
Mugtai	100-10	127/29
Broach	100-06	155/56
Broach Low	90-95	.....

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

Bombay, April 8.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh		76,590	94,398
Central India		29,596	128,248
Barsi and Nagar		49,248	100,861
Hyderabad/Gaorani		11,952	36,128
Berar	475	173,414	335,524
Central Provinces	106	82,585	70,618
Total Oomras	581	422,445	765,777
Dholeras		30,304	67,262
N.-W. Provinces		1,021	1,202
Rajputana		376	5,161
Sind-Punjab	1,070	381,238	450,762
Broach	390	292,580	104,084
Coomta and Dharwar	205	8,572	43,646
Westerns-Northerns		8,456	48,131
Cocoanada		.....	239
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	285	9,680	1,456
Total	2,531	1,154,674	1,487,730
Arr. by road to 2nd April 42		90,500	253,133

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, April 8

Wheat May	0 3 9
Linseed May	0 3 9
Groundnut May	1 14 0
Castorseed May	2 0 0
Cottonseed May	0 14 0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 7

Broach April/May highest 152 1/2 lowest 149 3/4 closing 150 3/4

Broach July/August highest 173 lowest 169 3/4 closing 171 1/4

Oomra May highest 135 1/2 lowest 132 closing 135 1/4

Oomra July highest 147 1/2 lowest 143 closing 147

Bengal May highest 124 1/2 lowest 122 closing 124 1/2

Bengal July highest 130 lowest 127 closing 130

COTTON PARITY

Broach April/May below New York May 1,372 cent points at 331

Broach July/August below New York July 1,363 cent points at 331

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay April 6

Fine White Java per cwt:—

Ready from Bonds Rs. 19-4-0

Indian:—

Small grain Rs. 19-4-0 to 20-0-0

Large grain Rs. 20-0-0 to 20-12-0

Bulund Rs. 20-10-0

Chinai Leesa Rs. 31-0-0

Bombay Group May delivery Rs. 14-8-0 per Bengal Maund.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, April 8

2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 93
3 1/2 per cent G. P. Notes 88/4
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 94/1
3 per cent 1949/52 Loan 95/4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 103/1
4 per cent 1945 Bonds 101/14
3 per cent War Bonds 98
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 97/14
4 1/2 per cent 1955 Loan 107/8

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 105/3
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 110
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 120 N

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 98
4 per cent M Deb 1947 101
5 per cent M Deb 1959 109
5 per cent M Deb 1954 120
5 per cent K P T 1956 115

Tone:—Steady

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, April 8

LONDON:—

Banks buying 90 days/8t 1/6 9/32 2 months
Banks buying 90 days/8t 1/6 5/16 Three months
Banks buying 90 days/8t 1/6 5/16 Four months
B. C Rates:—T T 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32 D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 5/32

NEW YORK:—

Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4; D D Rs 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs 329 1/2; D D Rs 326 1/2

MONTREAL:—

Banks selling T T Rs 302 1/2; D D Rs 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs 297 1/4; D D Rs 295 3/4

BERNE:—

Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil

STOCKHOLM:—

Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128

MEXICO:—

Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs 63.04; D D Rs 62.04

LISBON:—

Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nominal; D D Esc 7.35 nominal
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55

AUSTRALIA:—

Banks selling T T 1/10 3/8; D D 1/10 3/8
Banks buying T T nil; D D 1/11 3/8
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York Silver 35 1/8
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 1/2 Forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call 1/2 per cent
1 and 2 months 3/4 per cent.
3 to 5 months 1 per cent
6 to 9 months 1 1/4 per cent
Tone:—Steady

METAL EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 8

Copper sheets lb. 21 Rs. 125 28 119 35 118 42 117 49-56 116

Brass sheets Flag Brand @ 20-21 Rs. 104/8 24 103/8 28 103 35 93 42 91 49-56 90

Spelter 'P.H.' Rs. 75 Rosita Rs. 72 Country make Rs. 59 Pigiead 'B.M.' Refined Rs. 31 per cwt.

Tin Ingot Penang Rs. 83/8 per qr.

SETTLEMENT RATES

Copper sheets Ashad Rs. 117/8
Market tone:—Steady

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, April 8

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 104 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 117 0 0

Tone:—Dull.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, April 8

Linseed May	Rs. 8 11 6
Wheat May	7 7 9

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, April 8

Groundnuts May—	
Opening	Rs. 41 7 0
Highest	41 15 0
Lowest	41 8 6
Closing	41 10 0
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	41 8 0
Highest	41 9 0
Lowest	41 8 0
Closing	41 9 0
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	24 13 0
Highest	25 0 0
Lowest	24 10 0
Closing	24 11 6

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 8

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 3/4 at New York.

London Spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. There was moderate demand which was satisfied by the market. New York Spot silver was also unchanged at 35 1/8 cents. London Bombay Spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62-10-3. The local market was not inclined to do any fresh business beyond liquidation of old contract. There was no free trading as members are not inclined to carry over business. In the meantime the Chaitra settlement is coming to an end. Nominal quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	Rs. 51 6 0
Vaishakh	51 6 0
Sovereigns	38 12 0

SILVER

Ready	86 2 0
Vaishakh	82 2 0

LONDON SILVER

London, April 7

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London, April 7

Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8-8-0

CHEQUES CLEARED

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 24-1942 were as under:—

Number of cheques—96,097
Amount of cheques—23,33,16,251-15-1.

LONDON PRODUCE

London, April 7

Rozario Santa Fe April/May quoted 22/6
Barletta Russo April/May quoted 22/7 1/2
Australian Wheat April/May quoted 27/6

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Tata Steel Shares Recover

Bombay, April 8

An ordinance relating to the insurance of factories against war risks has been promulgated to-day and inspired confidence on the local Stock Exchange where there was increased demand from investors and prices hardened.

Tata Steel Defds opened very steady at Rs. 1200 at the start and declined to Rs. 1150 while Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 230 and after advancing to Rs. 235 declined to Rs 225. In forward Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 1310 while Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 240. Bombay Dyeing shares were quoted at Rs. 1020 and Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 430. Associated Cement shares were done at Rs. 156.

It appears that forward contracts are being closed out and the market remains mostly on Cash basis. Trading is narrow and the market remains narrow.

The Wall Street market was quiet. U. S. Steel shares declined 1/8 at 50 1/8. Anaconda Copper Mining shares declined 1/8 at 25 1/2 and General Motors closed 3/8 down at 34 7/8 dollars.

The Government scheme of war risk insurance will have a constructive effect and will check selling pressure. The tone of the market was steady.

TEXTILES

Bombay, April 8

100	Ahmedabad Advance	298 12
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1020 0
100	CENTURY	384 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	322 0
100	Colaba X.D.	151 8
100	Coorla	120 0
250	Dawn	631 4
250	David	300 0
1	E. D. Sassoon Defd.	2 5 6
100	FINLAY	190 0
100	GOKAK	239 0
1000	Hindustan	2282 8
100	Indore	232 8
100	Khatau	225 0
100	KOHINOOR X. D.	419 0
250	LAXMI	655 0
100	Madhusudan	320 0
100	MORARJI	470 0
250	Model	215 0
50	MYSORE	125 0
200	NEW GREAT X.D.	240 0
100	Podar X.D.	185 0
100	Phoenix	135 0
25	Sassoon Silk	81 0
1000	Sholapur	5225 0
50	SIMPLEX	150 0
100	SWADESHI	380 0
100	SWAN	180 0
500	Vishnu	1470 0
1000	Western	1550 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda X.D.	13 8
25-50	Central India X.D.	39 12
500	Imperial	1405 0
125-500	Imp. Cont.	345 0
50-100	India X. D.	132 0
100	Reserve Bank	95 0
5	Union X. D.	5 14

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED X.D.	156 0

INSURANCE

15-75	New India	40 0
100	Empire	700 0
15-100	Jupiter	13 4
20	Mercantile	60 0
200	Oriental	3450 0
10-50	Vulcan	8 0

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad Old X.D.	164 6
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1510 0
10	Ajmer	12 15
50	BOMBAY TRAMS	129 0
100	Bombay Suburban	170 0
10	Broach	13 6
100	Karachi	200 0
100	Poona	217 0
100	Surat	170 0
100	TATA HYDRO	153 0
1000	TATA POWER	1320 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij X.D.	845 0
100	C. Province	104 0
100	Dhond Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	102 0
100	Mandra Bhon	100 0
100	Pachora Jamner	92 8
100	Sara Sirajganj	95 8
500	Tapti Valley X. D.	617 8

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation	1 11
2sh.	Indian Copper	1 8
10	Indian Iron and Steel	21 12
30	SHIVRAJPUR	30 8
10	Mukund Iron	13 15
40	TATA STEEL DEFD	1270 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	240 0
10	Steel Corporation	13 10

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	425 0
10	Air Services	3 0
60	BELAPUR SUGAR	225 0
200	Bombay Safe Deposit	650 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	316 0
100	B. BURMA	215 0
50	Contributory	60 0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	1 2
100	IND. BLEACHING	140 0
80	Ind. Invest. Trust X.D.	45 8
100	Indian Radio Def	360 0
100	Indian Radio Ord	340 0
100	Port Canning	72 0
30	PREMIER CONSTRUCTION	107 0
15	Scindia	17 4
24	Tata Oil	42 8
24	Tata Chemical	12 12
100	Wimco	189 0

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1502 0
6	p.c. Bom. Steam	317 8
7	p.c. Bom. Tram. (T.F.) X.D.	72 0
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	655 0
6 1/4	p.c Premier Const. 1st	112 0
6 1/4	p.c. Premier Const. 2nd X.D.	106 0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	146 4
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1523 12
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	180 0
7 1/2	per cent Tata Steel 2nd	109 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	715 0

DEBENTURES

4	p.c. Andhra Valley Deb	100 0
4	p.c Bom. Telephone	48 0
5	p.c. Morarji	103 6
5	p.c. Sholapur	71 8
4	p.c Tata Power Deb.	105 8

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bomoay, April 8

The market opened considerably higher to-day but later eased off a little on scattered liquidation. Tata Deferreds opened around 1215 and declined to 1165, while Tata Ordinaries after opening at 220 moved between 217 and 225 closing finally at 223. Bombay Dyeings opened practically unchanged at 1030 and stood finally at 1015. Indian Irons ruled better at 22-2.

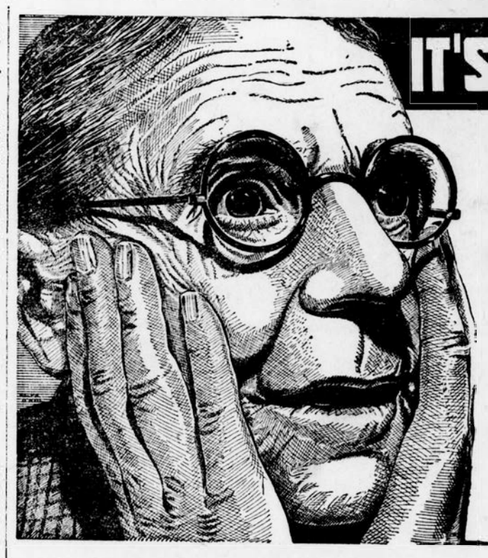
The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:

Tata Deferreds (1075) 1215 1170 1200 1165
Tata Ordinaries (207) 220 217 225 223
Tata Ordinary 223; Tata Deferred 1165; Indian Iron 22/2; Steel Corpn of Bengal 14; Bombay Dyeing 1015; Central India 320; Century 381/4; Gokak 237/8; Kohinoor 420; Simplex 150, Andhra Valley 1460; Tata Hydro 151/4; Tata Power 1355; Associated Cements 155; Belapur 221/4; Bombay Burma (old) 205

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 8

Yarn No. 6 1/2s. April 173 June 172
Yarn No. 10 1/2s April 210 June 209
Yarn No. 20 1/2s. April 275 June 268
Yarn No. 40s. April 425 June 420
Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s and 40s are nominal.



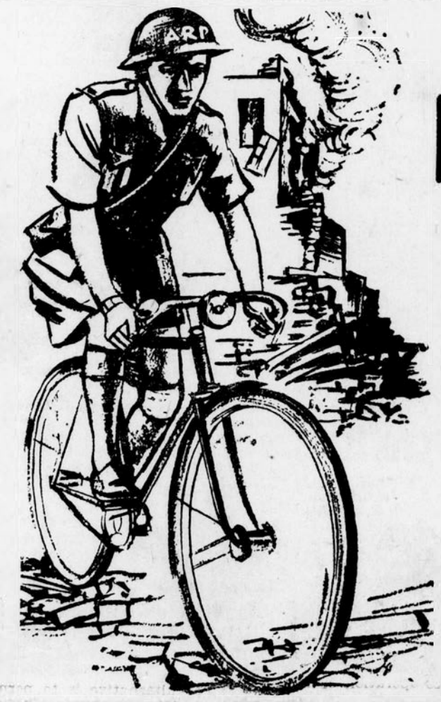
IT'S AMAZING!

HOW easily everyone of us can contribute more effectively to National Defence!

If you refrain from Rail Travel except when it is absolutely necessary and see that there are no delays in the loading and unloading of Railway Wagons, you will be helping to bring about..... ..... an increase in the flow of equipment and supplies to the fighting forces..... speedier transportation of raw materials to factories engaged in war production... a better catering of the economic needs of the nation..... in short, a greater efficiency in the cause of National Defence!

It's just amazing how much better we can serve our country and help the War Effort by adhering to these two simple maxims:

KEEP WAGONS MOVING
TRAVEL ONLY WHEN YOU MUST



Wanted BRAVE MEN with BICYCLES

If Bombay is raided, the telephone service may be damaged—particularly where destruction and suffering call most urgently for organised action. Messengers who can work their way safely through the danger area will then be the only means of bringing relief to the people.

BOMBAY CYCLE RUNNERS

To keep the life-lines of Bombay secure, we need at least 500 men of courage and resource, willing to train and take orders—the safety-link between the Civil Defence Services:

ARP Control — centres and Depots Rescue — Fire — First Aid — Essential Services (Water, Gas, Electricity, Drainage) — Rest — Centres for Homeless — Civic Guards — Police & Military.

1. Every Cycle-Runner must have a good knowledge of Bombay, and must be ready to learn exactly what every Civil Defence Service unit does and where it is. This means 3 or 4 hours' training.
2. Every man must bring his own bicycle. On enrolling under the ARP Services Ordinance, he will get:
   Rs. 5 a month to keep his bicycle in perfect order
   Full compensation for loss or damage while on duty.
3. Bombay Cycle Runners will wear Uniform with steel helmet and special arm-band—will carry a message-case — provided free.
4. To be really efficient, every Cycle-Runner should also learn the details of an ARP Warden's job. He should also know at least simple First Aid. Simple training is always available for this extra knowledge.

Experience in bombed cities has shown that a determined cyclist trained for the job, can get through most quickly both during an attack and afterwards.

Runners can only cover short distances. A car is easily stopped by road-blocks.

CYCLISTS cover the distance and protect themselves much more quickly and surely

TO JOIN — PLEASE APPLY TO: Major S. R. Bamji, Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road. OR ARP Headquarters, Council Hall, Apollo Street.

GIVE YOUR SERVICE TO

Aid Rescue Protect YOUR HELPLESS NEIGHBOUR

Build up your strength & vitality

WINCARNIS

MUTT AND JEFF—Things Being as They Are, Camouflage Is Camouflage By BUD FISHER

AND THEN SOME DAY WE'LL HAVE A NICE LITTLE HOME ALL OUR OWN, SUGAR!
AND YOU, MY SWEET, WILL OWN THE FIRM YOU'RE WORKING FOR, WON'T YOU?
AH, JOSEPHINE IS A REAL GAL! SHE'S MY INSPIRATION! SHE MAKES YOU WANNA DO THINGS!
YOU'RE GONNA WHAT?
I'M GONNA ASK THE BOSS FOR A RAISE!
HIGGINS, CUT DOWN EXPENSES! LOOK AROUND THE OFFICE AND SEE WHO WE CAN FIRE!
YES, SIR!

LACTOPEPTINE ENDS INDIGESTION

Indigestion is the cause of nine tenths of human suffering. The food you eat should contain the basis of your health and strength, but how can you be well if it is causing you to double up with pain, "burning" you with acidity and producing distension and flatulence! You will obtain immediate relief from these ailments by taking LACTOPEPTINE.

DIGESTS LIKE NATURE DIGESTS

That's the secret of LACTOPEPTINE, it digests just like Nature digests it does, in fact, contain those very ingredients which Nature herself uses in the human digestion. Try LACTOPEPTINE after your next meal. You'll be delighted at the freedom from pain and distress. You'll be amazed how much better and brighter you feel. LACTOPEPTINE is obtainable in 3 forms, Tablets, Powder and Elixir, from all Chemists, Stores and Bazaars

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

India's Renowned
Dr. R. E. HAKIM'S
RACKFAD SPECIALITIES
SYRUP USHBA
Renowned BLOOD PURIFIER IN ALL SKIN TROUBLES Rs. 2.
PILO-CURA
OINTMENT: INFALLIBLE PILES CURE. Without operation Rs. 4-12.
BAZANA
TABLETS DIABETES SPECIFIC OF REPUTE Rs. 5.
Sole Agent: P. R. SUDDERWALA,
Namdar Manzil 'B' Block,
4th floor, Colaba Causeway
Bombay.

Thursday, April 9, 1942

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

Special Quality SWORD & PISTOL Brand
BUCKETS
Also
ANCHOR
SUN & MOON
Brand
Buckets, Drums
Bath Tubs
Water Sprinklers, Dustbins
Water Tubs, etc
MOOSAJI VALIBHAI BALDIWALA
Manufacturers of Tinwork Machines & Iron Galvanisers.
156, Nagdevi St. Bombay 3.
Tel No 21902

Poona College Of Engineering

Results Of Diploma Exams

The result of the annual examination of the Diploma Classes held in March 1942 is given below. The number of marks is given in bracket:

I.—YEAR DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

(IN ORDER OF MERIT.)

Kamat J. B., (619); Phadke V. V., (618), Joshi A. N. (600); Nagarkar D. P. (595); Khadilkar G. S., (584); Tuskar G. D., (584); Kale J. D., (582); Shah S. N. (556); Kannur D. S., (554); Agarwal C. G. (553); Mistry K. D., (549); Modak S. V., (538); Patil K. R. (527); Shirke B. G. (519); Deshpande G. L., (505); Malegaonkar S. C., (501); Patki S. G., (494); Lingnurkar V. D., (493); Joshi D. N., (481); Mistry M. D. (472); Bellubbi K. B., (468); Patwardhan N. R., (464) Kurne J. K., (459); Thuse V. V., (453); Dhekne B. V., (452); Athavale P. A., (450); Marathe L. G., (447); Mehendale D. R., (446); Vaidya Y. S., (443); Dravid G. V., (442); Gujarathi S. K. (441); Bhave M. V., (440); Fernandes V. C. A., (436); Patwardhan K. S. (435); Wali K. S., (427); Kamble H. M., (422); Bhalekar R. T., (422); Panse D. V., (417); Raut V. R., (415); Wagh S. S., (414); Bhadsavle Y. D., (413); Phadke M. R., (412); Thite C. P., (403); Chavan V. B., (399); Vaidya M. D., (391); Godbole V. N., (388); Yardi D. N., (366); Bartakke V. M., (431); Gore P. S., (425); Nigunda A. S., (440); Champanaria N. M. (467); Sathaye P. B., (491).

II.—YEAR DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

(IN ORDER OF MERIT.)

Ukidwe V. V., (772); Gajjar C. G., (696). Devakar P. V., (667); Chavan D. J., (621); Garagate G. D., (614); Kulkarni S. S., (584); Rege P. S., (571); Daftary V. H., (565); Diwan N. D., (556); Kalal N. S., (546); Satalkar R. B., (540); Irani F. R., (534); Deuskar G. L., (513); Achwal A. V., (512); Malegaonkar V. R., (502); Khonolkar R. S., (490); Kanitkar K. W., (489); Shaik N. K. (487); Mir Asgharali Khan, (484); Deshpande L. G., (483); Mantry V. M., (482); Kakade V. D., (481); Swarn Singh U. S., (479); Palsule B. S., (476); Sighat A. G., (471); Bhalerao G. V., (464), Vahidya M. A., (463); Pandit S. H. (449); Pethkar S. P., (449); Gajab H. D., (448); Ambikar G. L., (443); Gorade S. L., (440); Thakar S. P., (443); Joshi Y. B., (419); Ghanekar K. S., (411). Kirpekar G. M., (407); Surnaik D. G. (484).

III.—YEAR DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING.

(IN ORDER OF MERIT.)

1ST CLASS.

Kupsad B. R., (665); Kulkarni H. G., (641); Modi S. K., (630); Pastakia B. M., (630); Bhandare B. K. (604); Mehrotra H. N., (599).

2ND CLASS.

Bapaye M. R., (578); Patil R. G., (578); Patwardhan M. V., (577); Ramdurgkar V. B., (567), Shenolikar V. P., (559); Athavale P. H., (537); Pandya B. P., (537); Wagh S. N., (525); Panchal A. N., (520); Vaishampayan V. P., (520); Diwakar V. V., (515); Patwardhan V. B., (503); Joshi D. V. (499); Sane S. G., (498); Ghatpande M. V., (496); Desai M. R., (486); Chobdar L. R., (479); Malik M. M., (477); Dharam Bir Anand, (471), Sathe S. M., (463); Tapswi D. D., (456); Josheph P. E., (451).

PASS CLASS.

Potnis R. K., (448); Oswal N. P., (446); Gandhi C. C., (443); Wadekar L. B., (441); Nagarkar V. B., (435); Risbood D. N., (433); Dandekar S. V., (432) Vanjpe K. V., (432); Shelar S. R., (430); Sankar R. N., (430); Mundaphan B. G., (428); Purandare M. S., (423); Malnur A. N., (421); Upadhe G. G., (417); Kelkar G. J. (410), Limaye R. R., (405); Thipse B. D., (401); Mohite N. B., (404); Risbood R. B., (395); Dravid N. S., (390); Gore G. V., (374); Dangri V. D., (371).

I—YEAR DIPLOMA MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

(IN ORDER OF MERIT.)

Karkhanis M. V., (637); Kurne M. K., (623); Datar K. N., (620); Bhave B. K., (620); Kale S. D., (621); Petiwe V. P., (592); Kirkpatrick D. D., (559); Oak V. B. (574); Edke A. S., (590); Joshi R. D., (553), Bhate P. D. (550); Marathe D. H., (532); Dhesanta N. N., (531), Patel J. R., (527); Ahekar B. R., (525); Diwan S. D., (523); Natu B. G., (521); Tusalkar M. R., (521); Deshmukh V. G., (517); Patel P. B., (511); Joshi G. S., (508); Fernandez P. J., (507); Joshi V. L., (507); Damle S. G., (506); Satalkar S. B., (503); Deshmukh M. C., (498); Akolkar M. K., (488); Chico R. M. (478); Nerlekar K. M., (477) Purandare M. P., (474); Shah N. M., (464); Lraude B. D., (463); Gautam S. D., (463); Kulkarni L. B., (465); Dabir D. T., (456); Kothari P. B., (450); D'Mello Robert, (448); Aibara E. H. (425); Bidkar R. S., (400); Gonsalves A., (482); Karandikar B. J. (472).

II.—YEAR DIPLOMA MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

(IN ORDER OF MERIT.)

Wakade S. G., (786); Mistry G. B., (745); Irani K. S. (684); Joshi V. D., (678), Dixit R. N., (665); Panse M. R., (650); Deo G. L., (648); Engineer D. R., (613); Gokhale R. K., (603); Achari D. B., (588); Chhatre M. G. &596); Pangi S. S., (594); John A. F., (566); Dharamsi D. S., (565); Goswami R. L., (564); Deshpande G. B., (540) Palkar V. H., (535); Deshmukh R. S., (525); Braganza M. A. G., (515); Kumthekar M. V., (496); Issac D. A., (475); Sahnis K. S., (457); Rajarshi N. M., (417).

III.—YEAR DIPLOMA MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

(IN ORDER OF MERIT.)

Sutar G. A., (831); Chaudhari R. V., (787), Ambekar R. M., (779); Siddhe K. B. (739); Kirloskar H. N., (708); Vyas P. N., (701); Panse S. S., (699); Adhav S. C., (667), Keskar G. S., (627); Shah T. M., (620); Chansarkar V. D., (617); Parasnis M. N., (596); Deshpande R. M., (583); Khalidkar N. P., (567); Damle V. K., (563), Narurkar S. H., (559); Warty P. W., (541); Deshpande M. V., (535), Joshi R. L., (531); Parampe S. R., (516).

IV.—YEAR DIPLOMA MECHANICAL ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

(IN ORDER OF MERIT.)

1ST CLASS.

Nabar P. M., (893); Dublay S. V., (874) Orphe A. S., (825); Dhekne V. K. (796).

2ND CLASS.

Patwardhan K. G., (782); Desai R. N. (758); Navalgund K. G., (689); Garvare R. K., (684); Swadi R. S., (679), Godse P. K., (671); Mali S. G., (664); Deshpande B. P., (663); Desa Df. I M. V., (661); Mahabal V. G., (654); Gokhale G. R., (645); Apte G. K., (636); Agashe M. V. (630); Joshi A. G., (623); Koulkar B. R., (601).

PASS CLASS.

Chitale R. G., (590); Kulkarni A. P., (589); Goraya R. S., (588); Saxena P. N. (577); Modi D. N., (576); Gosavi R. M., (571); Joshi S. Y., (552); Suraj Parkash, (550); Shirkhande D. G., (544); Aslekar M. S., (542); Kanade N. K. (518).

Of course you need a laxative...
TO KEEP YOUR LIVER IN ORDER
Take Beecham's Pills — the famous family laxative — to prevent biliousness and sluggishness, to keep your brain clear, to give you greater health and vitality.
Beecham's Pills
THE VEGETABLE LAXATIVE

White teeth and healthy gums with
THE Mira
Shorthead
TOOTH BRUSH
It isn't only the front of your teeth that needs cleaning—decay often starts unseen at the back. The "Mira" short-head toothbrush is specially shaped to reach and clean every tiny crevice, front *and* back! Here is the right brush at the right price—strong, enduring, and made of pure, selected bristles. Ideal for gum massage and efficient teeth cleaning.
Look for the box with the blue band
BRITISH MADE

BIGGEST RAID ON MALTA

2000th Alert On Tuesday: Air Attack On Alexandria: R. A. F. Over France

MALTA, April 8.

Malta had its 2,000th alert and the biggest raid yet on the same day—yesterday. Ground defences once again put up intense high and low level barrage and though full reports have not yet been received, it is known that four were shot down and another probably destroyed and two damaged.

The enemy adopted the ruse of sending smaller formations across the coast at different points apparently with the object of deceiving the defences as to their real targets. The bombers as they dived had to fly through a curtain of intense anti-aircraft fire losing two Junkers and two Messerschmitts while a Junker was probably destroyed and two others damaged. Valetta and other residential districts suffered damage and casualties.

Malta had six alerts for single raiders during Tuesday night. Night fighters damaged one bomber.

Since the blitz began on December 4 Malta only had one raid-free day and night in succession and only nine raid free nights.

Raid On Alexandria

CAIRO:—Alexandria was raided this morning.

A "communique" from the Egyptian Ministry of the Interior says that a few bombs were dropped but there were no casualties.

Damage was slight.

ATTACK ON SHIPPING AT BENGHAZI

CAIRO:—Text of the Middle East R.A.F. "communique" on Wednesday says "Fighter and bomber aircraft of the Middle East Command were in action in the forward area of Cyrenaica during yesterday when enemy troops were successfully attacked.

One Macchi 202 was shot down and other enemy aircraft damaged. Further raid on moles and shipping at Benghazi and landing grounds at Berka were carried out during Monday night. Enemy aircraft operated over Alexandria during Tuesday night.

Two were destroyed and others damaged.

Air raids on Malta continued on an intensive scale during Tuesday. Anti-aircraft gunfire shot down two Junkers and one Messerschmitt.

It is now known that a further Junkers 88 was destroyed on Monday afternoon. Two of our aircraft are missing, one pilot being safe."

R. A. F. Fighters Over France

LONDON:—R.A.F. fighters flew over the channel in force early to-day. The first wave of planes passed over Folkestone going towards Cape Grisnez about 08-00 hrs. Little later, vapour trials were observed in the sky between Boulogne and Calais.

Further formations were heard soon after crossing the Channel and from the direction of Calais the sky was traced with a large number of trails made by aircraft flying at 20,000 feet or more.

LONDON:—"Last night a small number of enemy aircraft dropped bombs at places on the east coast of England. A small number of people were injured and slight damage was done. One enemy bomber was destroyed" says an air ministry "communique" this morning.—Reuter.

STUDENTS AND 'DEFENCE' EFFORT

Move To Observe Anti-Japanese Day

LAHORE, April 8.

A decision to observe anti-Japanese day all over the province in collaboration with other political organisations, including the Congress and the Muslim League with a view to arousing and increasing public interest in the defence of the country was taken by the Working Committee of the Punjab Students' Federation at a meeting held to-day.

The meeting called upon the student community to make immediate preparations to play their part in organising civil defence and urged upon the educational authorities to start first aid and A.R.P. classes in educational institutions throughout the province and give military training to every student. The meeting directed Students' Unions throughout the province to raise students volunteer corps to serve in emergency and decided to hold a volunteer training camp in May next.—A. P.

"DAILY HERALD" ATTACKS HALIFAX

Appeal To Indian Leaders Not To Allow Cripps' Mission To Fail

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, April 8.

Following rumours and misgivings of imminent failure of Cripps' mission, the "Daily Herald" in to-day's leader in a pessimistic tone earnestly implores both the Government and Indian leaders not to allow the negotiations to break.

Referring to Defence, the paper says: "First and immediate is the question of an Indian Minister or member of Defence now. Surely, that is a request which this Government cannot reasonably reject. Surely, on the other hand, the Congress cannot believe that in the very crisis of the war a new Civilian Minister of Defence can, without terrible danger to the country itself, claim control of the Commander-in-Chief."

Referring to the question of unity, the "Daily Herald" asks the Government not to stand too rigidly on formula or legalism. The paper begs of the Congress also not to pretend as if the minority problem does not exist.

Attacking Lord Halifax's radio speech last night, the "Daily Herald" suggests that this is no time to shift the blame on the other side.

"We say that," the paper adds, "because last night Lord Halifax suggested that if there were a breakdown it would be because leaders of Indian thought fail to grasp the opportunity now open to them," after which he proceeded to attack the Congress as uncorroborative and unrepresentative. That sort of thing is unworthy and unhelpful."

ANKARA, April 8.

The transference of British and Italian sick and wounded prisoners who are being repatriated is understood to have begun this morning at Smyrna.

Although the actual number of prisoners is not known, persons who went on board the British ship "Llandovery Castle" and the Italian ship "Grandisca" say that the former carried 917 Italians and the latter 129 British.—Reuter.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

JULY

New York, April 8.

Previous closing	19.58
To-day's opening	19.60
Difference	+.02
To-day's closing	not received

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, April 8.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

May (19.65/65) 19.48/48
July (19.82/79) 19.61/60
October (19.97/96) 19.77/77

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, April 8.

SEEDS

Castorseeds April/May (£20 5/8 sellers) £20 5/8 sellers
Linseed Bombay/Calcutta April/May (£20 nominal) £20 nominal.
Linseed La Plata April/May unquoted
Groundnut Coromandal Coast April/May (East Coast India shipment not quoted. £20 West Coast India shipment) £20 sellers.

LONDON METALS

Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGE:

CROSS RATES.

T.T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 8.

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 3/4

T.T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 8.

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.

LONDON BULLION.

London, April 8.

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, April 8.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers) 1-6 1/32 sellers; 1-5 31/32 buyers
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 8.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

General Motors (unquoted) dol 35
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 25 5/8) dol 25 1/2
United States Steel Common (dol 50 1/4) dol 50
United States Steel Preference (dol 114) dol 114 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 8.

The Stock Exchange was idly maintained

3% PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, April 8.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £101 1/8

AUSTRALIAN LOAN

London, April 8.

5 per cent 1958/68 £101

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent British Consols £83 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £106 1/4
2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 15/16
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £105 13/16
3 per cent War Loan £100 1/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds £113 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 16-4 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 34-9
Electric Music Industry 14-1 1/2
Princhin Johnson 21-6
Imperial Chemical 32-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary 50-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £76
Dundee 25-0
Unilever Ordinary 25-9
Ford Motors 24-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £51 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary £3 21/32
Carreas 'A' £5 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 3/16
P and O Defd 27-4 1/2
Distillers 74-6
Bredfords Dyes 7-1 1/2
British Celanese 6-6
J and P Coates 35-3
Courtaulds Ordinary 32-7 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners 7-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary 16-4 1/2
Inter Nickel dol 40 1/4
Indian Iron 33-9

TEA SHARES

Assam 10-7 1/2
Donaro Tea 21-0
Empire of India 11-6

JUTE

Barnagore £5 nominal

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber 9-0
Gula Kelampong 8-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 12-0

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 16-3
Burma Corporation 3-4 1/2
Rio Tintos £8
East Rand Properties £1 7/8
Rand Mines £6 1/4

MINE SHARES

Crown £8 5/8
Associated Portland Cement 43-9
Trinidad Leasehold 66-3
Sub-Nigel £5 7/8
Spring Mines Split Share £1
Union Corporation 128-9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 35-0
Anglo-India 36-3
Burma Oil £1 1/2
Mexican Eagle 12-10 1/2
Shell Transport £1 31/32
Royal Dutch £14

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £41
London Midland Ordinary £17 7/8
London North Eastern Defd £1 5/8
London Southern Defd £14 3/4
London Transport 5 per cent £130 1/2
London Transport "C" £40

HALIFAX ADMITS BRITAIN HAS MADE MISTAKES IN PAST

But Freedom For All Under British "Will Remain Our Endeavour"

NEW YORK, April 8.

Referring in a speech at the New York Town Hall to-night to the possibility that India's spokesmen might reject the opportunity offered by the British Government's proposals, Lord Halifax said, "If our best efforts failed the British Government would find itself obliged to do its own duty without the assistance or co-operation of the larger organised Indian parties."

The British Ambassador was addressing the meeting as an Englishman who had served five years as Viceroy and "who has learned to love India and her people."

India's War Effort

Sketching the Indian scheme as it is to-day the British Ambassador said, "As must have appeared to Sir Stafford Cripps India is at war. Her exertions have been voluntary and have been magnificent. Her army has been expanded by voluntary enlistment to about one million men.

Lord Halifax emphasised that the Congress was only a small proportion of the whole of India and that the exclusive claim of the Congress Party to speak for the whole of India was rejected by other bodies of Indians numbering almost half the total population including a great mass of ninety million Indian Muslims and also large numbers of Hindus.

Referring to the ruling princes he said, "They and their states do not fit easily into the picture of India as the Congress Party would like to draw it.

Yet the independence of the Princes is enshrined in solemn treaties between the King Emperor and such treaties are only alterable by negotiation.

To scrap these or any other treaties unilaterally would be to scrap one of the principles for which we went to war with Germany."

Lord Halifax declared that the Congress, the Muslim League, the Depressed Classes and the princes were four major factors which must combine if India was to be sufficiently united to assume the rights and duties of full manhood among nations.

After referring to the political deadlock after the outbreak of war Lord Halifax said, "Meanwhile the savage onslaught of the Japanese has carried the struggle deep into Burma up to the very gates of India

Past Mistakes

Lord Halifax observed that India's spokesmen might reject the opportunity offered. The trend of news suggests that this is in no way unlikely, but my information is not complete, and I still hope that wiser counsels may prevail.

I can well understand the distaste with which many Indians are likely to regard particular features of the scheme proposed by the British Government. But if any scheme is to be successful it must carry a broad agreement both of minorities and the rulers of Indian States.

We shall, I doubt not, continue to have the co-operation of Indians, not less devoted than accredited leaders to the cause of Indian freedom. In conclusion Lord Halifax said, "There is no Englishman to-day who would deny that in the past we have made mistakes in India.

We can truly say, as you can of your people, that the tests applied by our public conscience have steadily been rising.

And by the light of the standards of to-day, it is plain that in the past things have been done in the name of England, which have brought her name no honour. But freedom for all beneath the British Flag has been and will remain our endeavour."

NEED OF PACIFIC CHARTER

CHUNGKING, April 7.

The need for a Pacific Charter is stressed by the influential newspaper "Takungpao."

Endorsing Rear-Admiral Harry Yarnell's suggestion, for such a charter the newspaper says the Roosevelt-Churchill declaration does not cover the Pacific region and its problems as it did not classify Japan as the common enemy of the democracies.

The "Takungpao" says that the spirit of the proposed Pacific Charter should include the liberation of Korea, Kiuchiu Islands and Formosa from Japanese domination.

The Indian problem could be easily overcome, the "Takungpao" says, if a Pacific Charter created on the basis of equality and mutual respect.

The newspaper adds in future China will never tolerate the existence of any vestige of imperialism in her domain nor will she be content with quasi-colonial status.

The "Takungpao" adds that Britain and America should abolish their special rights and privileges in China right now.—Reuter.

Leading doctors confess that there is no other effective remedy for INFANTILE LIVER AND SPLEEN COMPLAINTS in any system of medicine. They all recommend Jammi's "Liver Cure" and have paid glorious tributes to its remarkable curative properties.
Beware of worthless imitations
JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA & SONS,
1/1, Brodies Road, Mylapore, Madras.
Also at Bombay, Calcutta, Lucknow, Bangalore & Trichinopoly.
Bombay Office:—
PAREKH MANSION,
Sandhurst Road, West.
'Phone 41593. Grams: "Livercure."

THE COAT OF ARMS

Inspector Wade — By Edgar Wallace

I KILLED THE DOORMAN/ I MEANT TO KILL MARY/
WHY KILL ME? I--I THOUGHT YOU-- LOVED ME/
I DID UNTIL YOU TURNED ME DOWN... THAT WAS WHEN I STARTED TO HATE YOU...
LOCKE, I SHOULD WARN YOU--WHATEVER YOU SAY MAY BE USED AGAINST YOU/
THIS IS AN ISLAND AND THERE'S NO WAY TO GET OFF/ YOU'LL NEVER GET ME TO JAIL, WADE/
NO WAY TO GET OFF? WHAT DO YOU CALL THAT?
Copr. 1940, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.